Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 25. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1897. No. 53.

JEWELLERY....

We have a beautiful assortment of new goods in STERLING SILVER Hair Brushes, Mirrors, Perfume Bottles, Puff Boxes, Ink Bottles, Tea Caddies, and numerous other things. The first of this year's designs, and at this year's prices. They are lower than ever before.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co., 47 Government St.

WHAT'S ...IN... A NAME?

A good deal these days; this store has the name—a good name—everyone knows it. Most people know of our new system of free car fares and appreciate it too. No misrepresentations in our ads. We call a spade a spade, and devote every effort to give the public right goods and right prices.

New Shot Lustres 50c.
New Blouse Silks, 50c.
Fancy Grass Linens, 12½c.
Fast Color Crepon Stripes, 10c.
Double Fold Summer Tweeds, 25c.
Flowered Wash Muslins, very pretty, 10c.
250 pcs. New Laces, white, cream and butter, from 5c.
Extra Heavy Shirting Flannelettes, 32 in., 12 yards $1.

(Better Grades in Proportion.)

The Westside
J. HUTCHESON & CO.

BICYCLES

....RAMBLER and
....IDEAL WHEELS

Are fitted with the celebrated "G. & J." Tire—the best you can get.

WEILER BROS., Agents

For the Rambler and Ideal. We have also some fine little JUVENILE BICYCLES.

.... FOR ....

SEAGRAM'S WHISKEY

THE SOLE AGENTS ARE

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ld., Wharf St.

- - Two Expressions - -
Often Used by Ladies and Gentlemen

"THAT'S A NICE FITTING SUIT!" WHERE DID YOU GET IT MADE?" WHY, AT.....

WILLIAM STEWART'S,

THE MERCHANT AND LADIES' TAILOR, 47 FORT STREET. THE BEST PLACE IN THE CITY FOR STYLISH GARMENTS.....

Trout Fishing Has Begun

If you want the best tackle, see our SCOTCH FLIES, GUT CAST, RODS, REELS, LINES. They are of the best make, and are all fresh and new.

At FOX'S, 78 Government St.

Is as Democratic as a Town Pump.
It is the Rich Man's Luxury, the Poor Man's Friend.

TAMIL KANDE TEA

Lead Packets Only.
NEVER IN BULK.
ALL GROCERS.

BLUE LABEL 60c
WHITE " 50c
RED " 40c.

TAMILKANDE TEA CO., Montreal. S. MAITLAND FRASER & CO., Agts., Victoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—Jersey cow and calf. Apply Wm. Hick, Swan Lake.

WANTED—A servant to do general housework. Apply to Mrs. W. H. Bone, Topaz avenue.

THE LADIES who wanted rooms at 91 Fort street can have them now.

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my son, Wm. J. Maynard. Geo. H. Maynard, 85 Douglas street.

TO LET—Two story dwelling; stabling; one acre of ground ready for cultivation; N. E. corner Richmond and Cowan avenues; rent, $10. Apply 40 Government street.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED SUITES and single rooms. Mrs. Walt, the Vernon, 66 Douglas street. ap28-5t

THE GOSPEL OF JESUS CHRIST is nullified by the teachings of Christendom. The truth of the above statement will be proved at the meeting to be held in the A. O. U. W. building (up stairs), on Sunday evening, May 2nd, at 7 o'clock. No collection.

WANTED—Coat, pants and vest hands and presser; highest wages; steady work. Washington Woolen Mill Co., 820 Second avenue, Seattle, Wash.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Five acres good land; four miles from Victoria; on good road; house, barn, etc.; thoroughly cleared and fenced; easy terms. Apply Butterfly, Craigflower road.

YOUNG LADY would like to learn dry goods business. Address "A. Z.," Times office.

AGENTS for our new marvellous transforming sign; nothing like it; pays big money; salable to all merchants. Address Specialty Co., 24 Adelaide street, east, Toronto.

$5.00—No. 1 double screened household coal per ton of 2,000 lbs., delivered to any part of the city. Rattray & Hall, 100 Government street, 23 Store street.

WANTED, BOTTLES—Good prices paid for pickle, sauce, catsup, brandy and whiskey bottles, at Pacific Sauce and Vinegar Works, 66 and 68 Blanchard st.

COAL—$5 per ton, delivered; weight guaranteed. Munn, Holland & Co., 26½ Broad street.

SALESMEN WANTED in every district to handle reliable goods; new season; samples free; salary from the start. For particulars write Luke Bros. Co., Montreal.

GET RICH QUICKLY—Send for "300 Inventions Wanted." Edgar Tate & Co., 245 Broadway, New York.

NEW WALL PAPER just arrived at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

PURE MIXED PAINTS $1.50 per imperial gallon at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

TO BRUSH MANUFACTURERS AND OTHERS.

AUCTION

Under instructions from Mr. Doughty, who is retiring from the brush manufacturing business, I will sell at my rooms, Douglas street, on

Monday, May 3rd, at 2 o'clock,

A large assortment of

BROOMS, BRUSHES,

WOODENWARE, CARRIAGE MOPS, wire, bass and fibre material. Terms cash.

m2 W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

..GRAND CHARITY CONCERT..

For the benefit of the B. C. Benevolent Society, at Institute Hall, View street, on THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1897, at 8 p.m., "Farmer's Grand Festival Mass" in B flat, with other vocal and instrumental music by a stringed orchestra of 20 and a chorus of 40 selected voices.

Reserved seats, 75c. General admission, 50c. Tickets can be obtained on and after the 30th April at the following places: Reserved seats and general admission, Lombard's music store, general admission only, Waitt's music store, Hibben's book store, Jamieson's book store, or from the secretary and members of the B. C. Benevolent Society Committee.

W. H. MASON, Secretary,
46 Government St.

To Contractors.

Reconstruction of Torpedo Boat Slip, H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt.

Tenders are invited for the above work. Drawings, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained on application to the undersigned.

Tenders, sealed and endorsed "Tender for Reconstruction of Torpedo Boat Slip," must be delivered to the Naval Storekeeper before noon on Monday, the 17th inst.

T. N. WOODGATE,
Assistant Civil Engineer.

H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt, May 1st, 1897.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

GOLF.

TOURNAMENT AT TACOMA.

The third annual spring tournament of the Tacoma Golf club will be held on the 7th, 8th and 10th inst. The members of the Victoria Golf Club have been invited to compete, and those desiring to do so will kindly communicate with the secretary as soon as possible, that the names may be forwarded to the secretary of the Tacoma Golf Club without delay. The programme of events is appended:

Friday, May 7.—Men's open championship of the Pacific Northwest, 18 holes, match play; entrance, $1.

Ladies' open championship of the Pacific Northwest, 9 holes, match play; entrance, 50 cents.

Mixed foursomes, 9 holes; entrance, $1.

Ladies' driving contest; 4 balls; 30 yards carry; entrance, 25 cents.

Saturday, May 8.—Men's open championship, (continued.)

Ladies' open handicap; 9 holes; entrance, 50 cents.

Men's open handicap; 18 holes; entrance, $1.

Ladies' open championship (continued).

Approaching contest for men; 4 balls; 2 at 75 yards, 2 at 50 wards; bunker 25 yards from holes; entrance ,25 cents.

Monday, May 10.—Men's open championship (final round).

Ladies' open championship (final round).

Men's foursomes, 18 holes; entrance $1.

Ladies' foursomes; 9 holes; entrance, 50 cents.

YACHTING.

FOR THE AMERICA'S CUP.

London, May 1.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Belfast, published this afternoon, says that inquiries made tend to confirm the previous information to the effect that a yacht is about to be built in Ireland to compete, not only for the Queen's cup, but for the America's cup.

The yacht is to be built by a syndicate including Gustav M. Wolff, member of parliament for East Belfast, and a member of the Belfast shipbuilding firm of Harland & Wolff, the Marquis of Dufferin, the Marquis of Londonderry and Maj. Sherman Crawford.

The new racer will probably be built in Hilditch's yard at Carrickfergus, and she will fly the flag of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, of which the Marquis of Dufferin is commodore.

MISCELLANEOUS.

After a fast and closely contested game of basket ball at the drill hall yesterday evening the Y.M.C.A. were defeated by No. 2 Company of the Fifth Regiment by a score of two goals to one. During the first half Daniels scored after a splendid exhibition of basket ball, for the soldiers, and a few minutes later Peden placed the ball in the basket for the Y. M. C. A. In the second half both teams were putting up a first class game and neither team scored. To settle matters they resolved to play on for ten minutes, when, after some very good play the militiamen scored again, winning the match.

PERSONAL

J. H. Todd returned from the Sound this morning.

W. C. Blewett, of Texada Island, is at the Van Anda.

Ald. McCandless returned last evening from the Mainland.

Dr. G. L. Milne is back from a visit to the Terminal City.

Alexander Ewen, of New Westminster, is registered at the Driard.

Mrs. Roscoe and Miss Roscoe returned this morning from a visit to Seattle.

A. C. Flumerfelt was among the Victorians returning from the Mainland last evening.

Jacob H. Vanderbilt, assitant cashier of the Metropolitan Savings Bank, Tacoma, and bride, are spending their honeymoon in Victoria.

—The Grand Lodge, K. of P., will convene in Westminster on Tuesday, May 11th. The representatives from Victoria are: Victoria Lodge, G. K. Gilbert and J Cameron; Far West, T. W. Walker and ——. The supreme chancellor will make his official visit during the session.

—The following are the returns from the Victoria branch of the Inland revenue for the past month:

Spirits	$5,159 86
Malt	2,107 00
Manufactured tobacco	3,164 64
Foreign raw leaf tobacco	61 00
Liquors	548 40
Imported petroleum	9 90
Total	$11,051 49

FOUND—You don't have to pay credit prices to have your boots and shoes repaired at C. Nangle's Repairing Depot, 56 Fort street; prize boot and shoemaker; 14 years foreman to H. Mansell. Men's soled from 60c.; ladies' from 40c.; Misses' from 30c.; children's, 25c. Remember the number, 56 Fort street.

GREECE NOT YET VANQUISHED.

Turks Defeated With Great Loss in a Fierce Fight at Velestino.

A Report That the Turks are Now Preparing to Besiege Arata.

Every Able-Bodied Greek To Be Called Upon to Fight for His Country.

Athens, May 1.—Dispatches from Pharsalos, headquarters of the Greek army in Thessaly, give further particulars of the recent fighting between the Turks and Greeks at Velestino, 10 miles west of Volo, at the junction of the railroad connecting Volo with Larissa and Pharsalos.

The Turkish attacking force consisted of 8,000 infantry, 600 cavalry and 13 guns. The charges of the Turkish cavalry were firmly withstood by Greeks posted on Karnavasa hill. The entire Turkish regiment was decimated.

Four Turkish squadrons which attempted to charge were received with the combined rifle and shrapnel fire which mowed down several hundred.

The Greek irregulars co-operated with the regulars. Fifty Greeks were killed and five subalterns wounded.

A detachment of Turkish cavalry from Larissa approached the railway between Pharsalos and Domokos, which town is about ten miles south of Charsalos, in the Greek rear. The Greek artillery opened fire upon the enemies' cavalry at long range, and after a heavy cannonading forced the Turks to retire, the Greek cavalry pursuing them.

The Turkish commander apparently wished to surprise the Greeks at Pharsalos and sent two army corps against them, one from Trikhala, the other from Larissa.

Athens, April 1.—It is reported here that Col. Vassos is about to be recalled from the island of Crete.

London, April 1.—A dispatch to the Evening News from Athens says that M. Theotokis took the oath as minister of the interior yesterday evening and left the Greek capital with the minister of war, Col. Tsamados, for Pharsalos, headquarters of the Greek army, where, it is reported, the Greek troops have repulsed a heavy attack.

Athens, May 1.—The Turks are preparing to besiege Arta.

London, May 1.—A dispatch from Athens says M. Ralli, the new Greek prime minister, has announced his intention of calling to arms every able-bodied Greek.

Candia, Crete, May 1.—The Italian and British admirals have arrived here to confer with the insurgent leaders.

TARIFF BILL DEAYED.

Dingley Bill Will Not Likely Pass the Senate Before August.

Chicago, May 1.—The Post's Washington special says:

Senator Jones, of Nevada, holds the balance of power, and has joined with the Democratic members of the finance committee in objecting to reporting the tariff bill direct to the senate as framed by the Republican members. This move is a disappointment to the Republican senators in congress and to the administration. The bill will have to be reported to the full committee and the Democratic members of the committee say that they do not intend to obstruct the measure. They propose to take time for its careful consideration before permitting it to come before the senate.

The Democrats refuse to let the Republicans name a date for the report on the bill, and say that it may be held in the committee for two or three weeks. The chances for the early passage of the bill are diminishing, and it may be August before it goes to the president.

THE POOR REMEMBERED.

Tenants of London Slums Will Rejoice on June. 22nd.

London, May 1.—The Princes of Wales has written the Lord Mayor of London pointing out that in the schemes to commemorate the Diamond Jubilee in June, the poorest of the poor, the tenants of the London slums, have been overlooked. She says: "Might I, then, hope that they also might share in the fetes of that blessed day, and so remember to the end of their lives that great and good Queen, whose reign, by the blessing of God, has been prolonged for 60 years. Let us therefore provide these unfortunate ones, these beggars and outcasts, with a dinner or some substantial meal during the week of jubilee commemoration. I have great pleasure in heading a subscription list for that purpose with £100.

THE LATEST AND BEST CIGARETTE

..High Life..

...AT...

H. SALMON'S

IMPERIAL PRIZE IS OPEN TO ALL

Every Branch of the Naval and Military Service May Now Compete at Bisley.

Important Ruling In Regard to the Mineral Rights in Sumas Dyking Lands.

Another Application for Divorce—Amusing Observations by the Dublin Nation.

Ottawa, May 1.—The governor-general has received a cable that the Imperial prize hitherto confined to the regular service is this year thrown open at Bisley to all branches of the naval and military services. Certificates of military instruction in cavalry of infantry, obtained prior to December 17, 1883, at military schools or from boards of officers will, for purposes of appointment or promotion, be considered as having lapsed.

As the question has arisen as to whether or not mineral rights in the Sumas dyking lands passed to the province with surface rights, an order in council has been passed stating that the transfer made to British Columbia of the Sumas dyking lands by an order in council on October, 1896, shall be held to include all the right, title and interest which passed to the crown in the right of Canada at the time of cession by the said province of British Columbia of lands in the railway belt within the said province. Several applications were received for prospecting for coal.

Robert Augustus Baldwin Hart, Montreal, will apply at the next session for a divorce from his wife Catherine Cacouna Buntin, at present residing at Cornwall, in the state of New York, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Judge Burton, court of appeals, Ontario, is gazetted to-day chief justice in Ontario, and Charles Moss, barrister, Toronto, is gazetted judge in the court of appeals. Alexander O. Hardy, Brantford, is appointed county court judge of Brant, in place of E. J. Jones, resigned.

The case of the Queen vs the Canada Sugar Refining Company, Montreal, was allowed. This condemns the sugar company to pay some $83,000 duty. The contention of the company was that the vessel laden with sugar in 1895, had reported at North Sydney before the tariff affecting sugar came into force, and that it was not dutiable, although the tariff was in force when the boat reached Montreal. The company held that North Sidney, and not Montreal, was the port of entry. The exchequer court decided for the company, but to-day the supreme court gave judgment for the government.

Yesterday Colonel Prior called attention to the smallpox outbreak on the Empress of China, and urged the strict enforcement of quarantine regulations. Mr. Fisher said every precaution will be taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Senator Macdonald's bill to make May 24 a perpetual holiday unanimously passed its second reading in the senate.

To use the present stock of Snider ammunition the militia department will issue it free to regimental and other rifle associations, sixty rounds for each man.

Customs officials have been instructed as follows: That no bituminous coal, slack or dust may be entered at 20 per cent, where there is a mixture of larger coal of more than 5 per cent.; no duty is to be collected on bags in which free corn is imported.

The government has notified James Fisher, M.P.P., of Winnipeg, that the government expedition to Hudson's Bay will sail about May 20th, and he is to at once make preparations for the trip. Mr. Fisher is to accompany the expedition as representative of the Manitoba government.

Sergeant Major Williams, Sergeant A. S. Brown and Sergeant Snider have been selected from A troop, Manitoba dragoons, Portage la Prairie, to represent the troop in the Jubilee regiment.

There is much amusement in official circles here over the Dublin Nation's "warning" against immigration to Manitoba, as cabled from Dublin last night and appearing in the morning newspapers. The Nation warns the clergy and people of Ireland against what it characterises as a nefarious scheme in Canada to induce Irish immigrants to settle in Manitoba. Two immigration commissioners, it says, have been sent to reside permanently in Dublin and Belfast. Both of these are Catholics, because being of that faith they will be more likely to facilitate the plan. The Nation declares that Manitoba is a kind of Siberia, and moreover says that the Protestant majority in the province tyrannize over the Catholics, who are deprived of schools and have only few churches."

FINANCIAL.

New York, May 1.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says the failures of the week have been 237 in the United States against 238 last year, and 40 in Canada against 31 last year. The clearances of the Dominion of Canada for the week ending April 29th, as telegraphed to Bradstreets, are: Montreal, $10,624,511; increase, 25.5 per cent.; Toronto, $6,834,457, inc. 20.1 per cent.; Halifax, $1,082,788, dec. 3.5 per cent.; Winnipeg, $870,580, inc. 7.4 per cent.; Hamilton $714,780, inc. 41.6 per cent.; St. John $649,280; St. John shows no increase or decrease.

CASSIAR OUTRAGE

The Bill to Exclude Free Miners from Cassiar Passes Through Committee.

Opposition Members and Speaker Make Stubborn Fight Against the Bill.

Government Forced to Accept Amendments Giving Less Power to Company.

Friday, April 30th, 1897.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock; prayers by Rev. D. MacRae.

CROWN GRANTS.

Mr. Macpherson moved the following resolution: "That an order of the house be granted for a return showing: 1. The number of crown grants issued since 17th April, 1896. 2. Statement of how many, and which of them, contained the clause to bring such crown grant into accord with section 13 of the Land Act, 1896. 3 Wording of such clause." The resolution carried.

SONGHEES RESERVE.

Mr. Helmcken moved that an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting him to be caused to be laid before this house copies of any further correspondence which has passed between his government and the government of the Dominion of Canada, with reference to the question of the removal of the Indians from the Songhees reserve, since the return dated the 17th March, 1897, was presented to this house. The resolution carried.

ADMIRALTY HOUSE.

Mr. Helmcken moved that "Whereas on the 30th June, 1896, the commander-in-chief of the British squadron on the Pacific station approached the government of the province of British Columbia on the subject of a residence for the admiral who commands the Pacific: And whereas the vicinity of Esquimalt harbor presents a suitable site, and it is in the interests of the province that a site for such residence should be obtained: Be it therefore resolved, that the said communication should receive the respectful consideration of the government of the province of British Columbia." Mr. Helmcken said that the return shows that the admiral had made an advance through the commissioner of lands and works with reference to a residence for the admiral. The government had evidently not sent a final answer to the admiral. His resolution did not seek to bind the government in any way, but only asked them to give the matter consideration Mr Helmcken advanced reasons why such a residence should be erected.

Mr. Booth would vote against the resolution because the government should be left free to deal with the matter as it saw fit. He moved the postponement of the debate for three months.

Mr. Semlin asked if the motion was in order, as it suggested an expenditure of public money.

The Speaker ruled that the motion was quite in order.

Mr. Semlin then stated that the matter was purely an imperial one, and the movements of the commander-in-chief could not be influenced by the erection of a residence. The whole matter should be left to the imperial authorities.

Mr. Booth's amendment to postpone consideration for three months was carried by a vote of 17 to 11.

QUARANTINE.

Dr. Walkem moved and Mr. Helmcken seconded: "Whereas smallpox, cholera, plague and other infectious and contagious diseases have their home in the Orient; and whereas communication between this country and the Orient is at the present time, by means of the lines of large steamers which bring weekly to our shores a large number of Chinese and Japanese immigrants, with their baggage, direct from the plague-stricken sections of these countries; and whereas an epidemic of smallpox occurred in Victoria, Vanouver and Seattle in 1892, the source of infection being brought in by one of the Oriental steamers; and whereas during the present year smallpox has been brought in by several of these vessels to William Head quarantine station; and whereas the detention and disinfection at William Head of vessels such as the Empresses are serious matters to our country, commercially, and particularly at the present initial stage of development of trade between this country and the Orient; and whereas the present secretary of the provincial board of health has paid a visit to China and Japan, and on his return stated to the city council of Victoria the dangers of infection which the country is constantly exposed to by communication with the East, and has recommended that the quarantining of Oriental immigrants, and the disinfection of their baggage, should be done before they are allowed to leave or embark at Oriental ports; therefore, be it resolved, that in the opinion of this house the Dominion government should take such steps as will insure a proper detention in quarantine of intending Oriental immigrants, and the disinfection of their baggage, before embarking at the various Oriental ports, and that an humble address be presented to His Honor the LieutenantGovernor, asking him to communicate this resolution to the Dominion government."

Dr. Walkem said if the matter of disinfection was stringently observed on the other side there would not be as great a necessity for detention at the quarantine station here, and there would be less liability of passengers on board the steamers contracting infectious diseases

Mr. Helmcken referred to the letter from the quarantine appearing in the Colonist. He held that while the people of this province would sympathize with the passengers, the health of the residents must also be considered. If the methods suggested in the resolution were adopted, the probability of such a condition of affairs as obtain at present at the quarantine station would be materially lessened.

The motion was then carried unanimously.

NATURALIZATION.

Dr. Walkem moved and Mr. Helmcken seconded "that a humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, praying him to communicate with the Dominion government and urge upon them the necessity of having naturalization laws so amended that, in the case of Chinese or Japanese, a residence of ten years shall be required before naturalization can be granted, and also that in their cases they shall appear in person before the judge of the court to complete the formalities."

Dr. Walkem held that there was a great necessity for a change in the naturalization law. From the newspapers it was learned that a large number of Chinese had declared their intention of becoming British subjects, and many more had been naturalized. Several of these Chinese who had appeared before the county judge in person were refused their papers because all declared that they were bound to return to China.

The motion then carried.

The report of the committee on the revised statutes bill was adopted.

ANTI-ALIEN CLAUSE.

The following telegrams were then received:

"Hon. D. W. Higgins, Victoria:—Passage of alien amendment will have most disastrous effect here. It is positively suicidal. John R. Reavis."

"A. Williams, M.P.P., Victoria:—Surely that alien amendment will be chopped. Nothing but mischief can result. Kootenay wants progress not retrograde legislation. W. G. Johnson."

"T. Fred Hume, M.P.P., Victoria:—Kootenay Mining Protective Association ask you to do your utmost to defeat alien clause. It will seriously injure Kootenay if carried. J. G. Proctor."

"Speaker Higgins, House of Commons, Victoria:—Without alien enterprise Kotoenay mining and prosperity will be a failure. We want aliens. G. H. Bayne."

Mr. Kellie asked if the senders of the telegrams were British subjects.

The Speaker said Mr. Reavis was a British subject by choice, and that the others were not consulted in the matter. They were British subjects by birth.

CASSIAR CENTRAL.

The house then went into committee on the Cassiar Railway Aid bill with Mr. Huff in the chair.

Mr. Sword said that when the house passed the company's act of incorporation they had no knowledge that an aid bill was going to be brought down, and had therefore allowed the company three years to begin construction. It was not right that the company should have three years to decide whether it was worth their while to accept this land.

Hon. Mr. Turner said that in the meantime the land would not be locked up.

Mr. Sword said the whole bill was a mistake, and it would be a mistake for the committee to pass it.

Mr. Sword moved an amendment to the effect that the company shall commence within one year and construct its main line within two years after the passage of this act.

Mr. Turner said such an amendment would effectually kill the object of the bill.

Dr. Walkem held that the bill should be killed. It was inflicting on another section of the province such an incubus as was forced on the island by the construction of the E. & N. The give-away was enormous. The government knew nothing about the value of Cassiar and yet it was prepared to say to a company "Cassiar is no good and if you build a two-penny railway you may have it."

Hon. Mr. Turner said that there was 140,000,000 acres in Cassiar and the company was going to get 750,000 under a lease. The bill was an admirable and cheap method of finding out what was in Cassiar. (Derisive laughter.)

Dr. Walkem said the miner would have to give the company half of what he finds or works on those lands which the company considered were not good enough to take up.

Mr. Sword said that there was at present a good trail to navigable water, and it was scarcely a good bargain to give away so much for 70 miles of railway.

Mr. Cotton said that two years would be enough time to give any company to commence construction of 70 miles of railway.

Mr. Sword then amended his motion to make the time of commencement two years and of construction three years.

Hon. Mr. Higgins pointed out that this amendment conflicted with the Company's Act of Incorporation. He gave the government credit for amending the bill in the right direction, but he was still desirous of information. He had been told that the land intended for the company had already been marked on the maps. He wanted to know if he or any other free miner went into Cassiar and selected a mineral claim and afterwards the company selected land containing his mineral claims would he or any other free miner be subject to the conditions under which the company secures the land?

Hon. Col. Baker said there were no lands reserved. Free miners were entitled to go anywhere and locate mineral claims. The act would be a great boon to free miners. (Derisive laughter.)

Mr. Cotton said that after giving due credit to all the profits that prospectors are going to receive, it was not too harsh to impose a condition that the work must commence within two years.

Mr. Sword's amendment, sub-section A of clause 1, was laid over.

Sub-section B was passed as follows: "The company shall within one year after the location of its lands open the surface thereof to pre-emption and sale upon similar terms, mutatis mutandis, as those mentioned in the Land Act, 1896, and the pre-emptor or purchaser, as the case may be, shall upon complying with the regulations of the said Land Act, and upon payment of the amounts set forth in the said act to the company instead of the crown, be entitled to receive from the crown a grant of the surface of such land."

Sub-section C as amended by the government was passed after a discussion. It reads as follows: "The company shall be entitled to reserve areas not exceeding 1,000 acres in extent in any of its blocks for the purpose of townsites, and upon filing a plan or plans thereof from time to time in the land registry office, and payment of the sum of five dollars per acre to the crown shall be entitled to a grant in fee of the lands so reserved, one-fourth of the lots so reserved shall, after selection by the crown and the company in manner prescribed by the Land Act, be conveyed by the company to the crown, and the purchase price of five dollars per acre shall be refunded to the company; the lots held by the company after the conveyance to the crown as aforesaid, shall be liable to taxation as other lands held in fee."

Sub-section D as amended by the government was as follows:

"No minerals shall be extracted, won, or got from said lands by the company until claims shall have been located and recorded, pursuant to the provisions of the mining laws in force at the time of the passing of this act, which said claims shall be held subject to the said mining laws and to the charges hereinafter mentioned. Payment to Her Majesty in the right of the province of British Columbia of a royalty, tax, or charge of: (1.) One-half of one per cent. upon the assessed value of ore or mineral-bearing substances won or got therefrom, in addition to all other taxes imposed by the province thereon: (2.) Fifty dollars per annum so long as the said claim shall be held: (3.) One hundred dollars upon each transfer of a claim or fractional part thereof: (4.) Fifty cents per thousand feet of milling timber, and twenty-five cents per cord on cordwood when cut, used, or carried away from said leased lands."

Hon. Mr. Turner explained that by sub-section 1 the company would always be charged one-half per cent more than ordinary taxes on mines.

Hon. Col. Baker in answer to Mr. Sword said that placer claims were included in the act as well as ordinary claims.

Clause 4 was struck out on motion of Mr. Sword and another substituted to the effect that the royalties on timber, etc., should be those in force in other parts of the province.

Sub-section (e.) passed as follows: "The lands held by the company by lease as aforesaid, shall be subject only to the royalties, taxes and charges hereinbefore and hereinafter mentioned."

The following new section was moved by Hon. M. Turner: "(f.) The lands leased shall be selected by the company and designated in manner prescribed by order in council published in the British Columbia Gazette, in blocks of not less than four miles square, and not exceeding ten thousand two hundred and forty acres per mile for each mile of the main line of railway that may be constructed from the starting point on Stickeen river to Dease lake, approximately seven hundred thousand acres, and the section shall be within a radius of fifty miles of any point of the railway."

Mr. Williams held by this section the government would again be left in the background. The land should have been given in alternate blocks.

Mr. Macpherson moved that the land be given in blocks six miless quare instead of four. This was voted down.

Mr. Semlin also urged the granting of lands in alternate sections.

Mr. Adams moved an amendment to the effect that the company could select lands between 128 and 131 degrees longitude and from 58 degrees latitude to the northern confines of the province.

Mr. Semlin said that the company were being given authority to corral all the auriferous lands in Cassiar.

Mr. Williams said in future years the government would try to excuse their conduct by saying that they did not know the land was so valuable.

Mr. Kidd said the bill would give the company power to choose 750,000 acres of land from anywhere in Cassiar district. It gave them authority to pick the placer lands for themselves and to say to free miners that they must pay them half of what they get if they go on any of the placer lands. He would oppose Mr. Adams' amendment because it enlarged the area in which the company could choose lands.

Hon. Mr. Higgins asked where there was any condition in the bill preserving the rights of the free miners.

Hon. Mr. Eberts said the rights of free miners were preserved by the mining laws of the province.

Hon. Col. Baker said that any free miner going on any lands designated for the company would come under the operations of this act.

Mr. Kidd pointed out that the bill was a cunningly devised scheme to lock up all the placer grounds and put the company in a position to levy heavy tribute on free miners.

Mr. Rogers supported the bill. The company were offering miners great inducements. It was one of the best bills that was ever brought before this house. (Derisive laughter.)

Mr. Kellie said the bill was an outrageous one. It was locking up the large district of Cassiar to secure the construction of sixty miles of railway.

Mr. Adams' amendment extending the area in which the company can select lands was then carried.

Sub-section G passed, amended as follows: "The boundary lines of such lands to be surveyed by the company agreeably with the system prescribed by the land laws of the province, at the company's expense; such surveys to be completed within two years after such lands are designated."

Sub-section L passed as follows: "Such lands shall be designated within five years from the passage of this act."

When section 1 and sub-sections came up for discussion Mr. Semlin strongly protested against their passage. There was no parallel for such a bill. There were not more than 750,000 acres of mineral bearing area in Cassiar, and the company could corral all this. The country was asked to give too much. The period of the lease, 50 years, was too long. The wealth of the country could be extracted in far less time. The possibilities of Cassiar were not known. He moved to amend clause 1 by making the lease for a term of 25 years instead of 50 years.

Mr. Kennedy said the government refused to profit by experience, but were willing to be hoodwinked by designing speculators.

Dr. Walkem said the government accepted the bill with their eyes bandaged as to the wealth of Cassiar. In giving the land away the government were acting criminally towards the people of the province.

Mr. Bryden said the Cassiar country was worked out years ago and could only be opened out by a company such as this.

Mr. Semlin's amendment making the line of lease 25 years was voted down.

The committee rose at 6 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The house assembled at 8:15 and at once went into committee on the Cassiar Central railway aid bill.

Section 1, when amended on motion of Mr. Sword and passed, read as follows: 1. It shall be lawful for the Lieut.-Governor in Council to grant and demise by way of lease for the term of fifty years from the date of the passage of this act as an aid to the company, unoccupied lands in the electoral district of Cassiar, together with all minerals, precious and base, therein and thereunder, and also the right to extract same therefrom, with and under the following conditions:—

"Section 2 passed as follows: "Notwithstanding the foregoing sections free miners shall be entitled to enter upon the said lands, prospect and explore for minerals, and locate and record claims therein according to the mining laws in force in the province for the time being."

Section 3 evoked a lengthy discussion. It read as follows: "One equal undivided half share or interest in all claims recorded and held within the limits of such lands shall belong to the company, and the other moiety to the free miner so recording same, as tenants in common, subject to the observance of the terms and conditions of the mining laws of the province for the time being, and of this act."

Mr. Macpherson moved an amendment to the effect that the half share or interest would only apply to claims in the company's lands after such lands were designated.

Mr. Kennedy pointed out that after Mr. Adams' amendment passed the company would take up lands one hundred miles away from the terminus of their railway. It was monstrous to say that the company should take half of what a prospector finds, probably one hundred miles from the railway.

Mr. Semlin said the company would give the prospector about $10 worth of travel, which the company collected, and for the privilege of travelling over 15 miles of railway the prospector would be compelled to give up one-half of what he finds.

Hon. Mr. Turner said the railway would open up 140,000,000 acres and the company would only get 750,000 acres.

Mr. Semlin asked how 75 miles of railway can open up or afford communication to 140,000,000 acres of land. (Hear, hear.)

The section was carried.

Section 4 passed as follows: "Within 180 days after such record, such free miner shall serve the company, at their principal office in the district of Cassiar, with a notice in writing of the price or sum such free miner is willing to accept for a conveyance of such free miner's undivided one-half interest in such claim."

Section 5 passed as follows: "Within 60 days thereafter the company shall accept or refuse such offer in writing."

Section 6 passed as follows: "In the event of the company declining to accept such offer the free miner shall, for a period of two years, have the right to sell the whole claim at the price of any bona fide offer made to him therefor, after having made to the company a give or take offer at such price, and the company electing to sell shall be thereupon bound to convey its moiety to the purchaser upon payment to it of its share of the purchase money. The assessment work shall be done by the co-owners jointly."

Section 7, as amended by the government, read as follows: "At the termination of such period of two years the company may assume control of the development or sale of any such claim, paying to such free miner one-half of the net proceeds upon any bona fide sale thereof, and one-half of the amounts realized from sales of ore therefrom in the interim and not bona fide re-expended in the development and working of such claim; provided that before such sale by the company, the company shall offer same to such free miner at the price or sum and according to the terms of any bona fide offer therefor, and any proposed term or dealing therewith. Upon the company declining in writing to proceed with the development of the claim at the end of the two years the mine or location shall become the property of such free miner subject to the mining laws of the province."

Hon. Mr. Higgins, Mr. Williams and Mr. Sword strongly protested against the clause. There was no guarantee that the free miner would be paid for all his work and trouble.

Mr. Sword moved an amendment to the effect that in addition to paying the free miner one-half of the net proceeds upon any bona fide sale of his claim the company should also pay him one-half of the amount expended by him over and above the assessment work.

Mr. Huff moved to the effect that the free miner should receive the actual amount expended by him, and by Mr. Williams that the free miner should receive the value of the development work done by him on the claim. Mr. Williams' amendment was accepted.

Mr. Williams then moved an amendment to the effect that upon the company failing within a reasonable time to proceed with development of the claim, at the end of two years the mine shall become the property of the miner.

This was defeated on the casting vote of the chair.

Section 8 passed as follows: 'In the event of the company under the preceding clause assuming control of the development and working of the claim, neither the free miner's interest in the claim, nor himself personally, shall be chargeable with the proportion of the expense of working the same, but his interests in the proceeds of all ore extracted, or in the event of sale of the claim his interests in the proceeds thereof, shall be chargeable therewith, and the company shall be entitled to deduct same before paying over to such free miner his equitable proportion of the proceeds."

Section 9 passed as follows: "Upon complying with the requirements of the mining laws of the province for the time being and of this act, by the company or any free miner as aforesaid, the lawful holder or holders of a mineral claim included within the lands demised to the company shall be entitled to a release by the crown of its reversion in

Continued on page 3.

A Veteran's Voice

Gives High Praise to Hood's for Health

Blood Purified—Strength Built up—Tobacco Habit Cured.

Many a veteran of the war, whose health was wrecked by wounds, exposure and privation, has found in Hood's Sarsaparilla just the tonic and blood reviving effects he needed. The following is one out of hundreds of letters from G. A. R. boys praising Hood's Sarsaparilla for health restored and strength renewed in declining years.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: On account of the great benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me, I gladly write this, that others similarly afflicted may learn of the success of the medicine in my case and a positive cure for them. I had been

A Physical Wreck

since 1864, and had also been a constant smoker for 35 years. My wife purchased the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I commenced to take it more to please her than anything else. One bottle after another was taken with increasing benefit. The effect was of a strengthening nature, toning up my whole system. After I had been taking the medicine a short time, I laid away my pipe and have not had any desire for the use of tobacco since. Hood's Sarsaparilla has thoroughly purified my blood and driven all poison out of my system. It has also done me

A Power of Good

physically, and I feel like a new and free man. Previously, I had tried a good many different times to stop smoking, and to regain my health, but I was unable to accomplish the former, so that my attempt for the latter was each time a failure. I am pleased to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier." J. R. McFADDEN, Ex-Commander Ness Post, No. 81, G. A. R., Dept. of Kansas, Brownsville, Wash.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute; insist upon Hood's and only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

IN some parts of the world fire is yet produced in this difficult and arduous way. . . . . .

In Canada the people produce fire by the use of

E. B. Eddy's Matches.

TIRE TOOLS

are a miserable burden, and even if you have them with you, you're working in the dark if you can't detach your tire.

Dunlop Tires

are detachable and need no tools but *YOUR HANDS*.

Send for our catalogue—it will interest you to understand just why Dunlop's are the popular favorites.

American Dunlop Tire Co.
TORONTO.
Northwest Depot: TEES & PERSSE, WINNIPEG.

An Actual Test

Certified by Prof. J. A. Duff, of the Toronto School of Practical Science, convincingly proves the NEW DUPLEX TUBING, used only in the 1897

. . . CENTAUR . . .

King and Queen of Scorchers

. . . CYCLES . . .

to be 47 per cent. stronger than D. tubing and 200 per cent. stronger than the ordinary fork-side, as used in all other Cycles.

This fact, combined with their Special Grade, their patent oil-reservoir hubs and locked adjustment bearings, stamps them pre-eminently above all other wheels.

E. C. HILL & CO., Dominion Agts., Toronto.

J. MULHOLLAND, Agt. for Victoria, 41 Government St.

AGENTS WANTED AT ALL POINTS.

DENTISTRY.

LEWIS HALL, D.D.S., DENTIST. Special attention given to porcelain jackets. Office hours: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Jewell Block, cor. Yates and Douglas streets. m21

R. NASH, D.D.S., DENTIST. Office, Moody Block, corner Yates and Broad Streets. Crown and Bridge work a specialty.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, calls promptly attended to day or night. Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vanvouver street. Telephone, 130.

WANTS.

WANTED—General servant girl. Address "Mac.," this office.

$100 WANTED—by reliable party; good security, at 9 per cent. Box 382.

CEMETERY GARDEN WORK—G. Bagshaw, Cemetery.

ANYONE desiring information about the Independent order of Foresters address Organizer James H. Falconer, Deputy Supreme Chief Ranger for B.C., 100 Government St. Telephone 83.

SOLICITORS WANTED for Dr. Talmage's "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands; Four million of Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled" is the latest and grandest; demand enormous; everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50; big book; big commissions; a gold mine for workers; credit given; freight paid; outfits free; drop all trash and sell the king of books, and make $300 a month. Address, for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

WANTED—Reliable women in every locality to introduce a new discovery among the ladies. A pleasant employment, and a salary of $12 a week guaranteed. Write for particulars. The Antiseptic Medicine Co., London, Ont.

WE WANT AT ONCE—Reliable men in every section of the country to represent us, to distribute our advertising matter, and to keep our show cards tacked up in towns and along all public roads; commission, or salary $65 a month and expenses. For particulars write The World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A portion of the N. & S. Saanich Agricultural Society's land in South Saanich, containing 64 acres more or less, about 20 acres clear; never failing stream of water. For further particulars apply to the secretary, H. F. Haldorn, Turgoose P. O., B. C. m5-tf-d-w

FARMS FOR SALE—207½ acres; 40 acres cleared; good dwelling house and farm buildings; near Cowichan Station; for $6,000. 160 acres on the Koksilah river; near Cowichan Station; log house and 3 sheds; about 7 acres cleared; a bargain at $500. 200 acres at Alberni for $1,000. A. W. More & Co., Real Estate Agents, 86 Government street.

FOR SALE—Small Bay Mare, suitable for lady to drive or for light work. Price $25. Apply "G. D.," Times office. tf

ROCK BAY HOTEL for lease or sale.

FOR SALE—Fourteen acres land three miles from city; all fenced and cleared; five-roomed house, large barn and other buildings; just the place for small fruits and poultry. Would lease if suitable tenant offers. Address T. R. Ellis, 269 Fort street. oc26tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD (Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer. Government Street, Victoria.

ESTABLISHED 1884.

Victoria Loan Office, 43 Johnson Street.

MONEY TO LOAN

On any approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance Oriental Alley.

F. Landsberg, Prop.

P. O. Box 595. feb23-1y

Just Arrived---High Life Cigarettes at Harry Salmon's.

CASSIAR OUTRAGE

(Continued from page 2.)

any such mineral claim by way of crown grant, such mineral claim thereafter to be held subject to the royalties and charges herein mentioned, only with such such attendant incidents and title as may appertain to mineral claims granted by the crown in pursuance of the mining laws of the province."

Sections 10 and 11 passed as follows:

"10. Save as aforesaid the lessee shall be entitled to use and enjoy the hereditaments demised, and to do all such acts, deeds and things in respect thereof, or in relation thereto, during the period of such demise as fully and effectually and in the same manner and to the same extent in all respects as the lessor might or could do but for such demise.

"11. A right of way not exceeding 200 feet in width along the line of railway and such crown lands as the Lieut.-Governor in Council may deem reasonably necessary for terminal purposes, sidings, stations, sheds, wharves, warehouses, embankments, cuts, bridges, culverts, drains and other works and approaches thereto shall be and is hereby granted to the company.

Section 12, as introduced by the government, read as follows: "The railway equipment, stations, station grounds, workshops, buildings, yards, rolling stock, appurtenances and other property required and used for the construction, equipment and working of the said line of railway, and all personal property not hereinbefore specifically dealt with or possessed by the company, and its capital stock, shall be free from all taxation for a period of ten years after the completion of the railway."

Mr. Semlin and Dr. Walkem both protested against exempting the company from taxation.

Hon. Mr. Higgins said that a company having such enormous privileges should not have their properties exempted from taxation.

Mr. Williams said that with all the concessions the government were giving the company they gave them exemption from taxation a longer time than that granted to any other company.

Mr. Sword moved to strike out the section. Mr. Huff moved to reduce the time to five years. Mr. Sword's amendment was defeated and Mr. Huff's was carried.

Mr. Sword moved an amendment to the effect that the period of exemption shall date from the passage of the act. This was also voted down.

Section 13 introduced read as follows: "There is reserved to the use of Her Majesty a royalty of five cents upon and in respect of each ton of merchantable coal raised or gotten from any lands acquired or held under the provisions of this act, and in any crown grant to be issued in pursuance of this act there shall be contained a reservation of said royalty: Provided that no royalty be reserved on dross or fine slack."

Mr. Sword moved an amendment to the effect that the royalty shall be such as is reserved by the land laws of the province. This amendment was adopted.

Section 14 passed as follows: "Whenever the term 'company' or 'lessees' is used in this act the company, its successors and assigns, shall be deemed to be thereby included, intended and referred to; and when the term 'lessor' is used it will be deemed Her Majesty and her successor or successors in the right of the province of British Columbia."

Section 15, as amended by the government, read: "The company shall not be entitled to collect tolls or charges for the carriage of freight or passengers, unless the tariff fixing the rates thereof has been submitted to the approval of the Lieut.-Governor in Council, and such tariff shall be in force for the period fixed by the order in council approving the same, and all alterations or additions shall be similarly approved, and at or before the conclusion of such period the same shall be revised and again approved for a further period and so on from time to time."

This was amended so that the tariff would be subject to revision every five years.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved a new section, "that all blocks of land taken up by the company shall not be less than four miles distant from each other."

This section was passed.

Mr. Sword moved the following as a new section: "Placer claims which have to be represented and continuously worked shall not be subject to any claims on the part of the company to any share of the proceeds of same, although said claims may be located within the limits of the lands leased under the provisions of this act." This was voted down by the government.

Section 7 was reconsidered and an amendment was inserted on motion of Hon. Col. Baker to the effect that the company shall state in writing to such free miner within six months whether they intend to develop the claim.

Hon. Col. Baker moved the following new section: "Locations as placer claims in any of the lands designated shall not be subject to the continuous residence according to the placer mining act and when worked by the company or a free miner in conjunction with the company their claims shall be subject to a yearly rental of $50."

The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

The house adjourned at 11 o'clock.

ANSWERS.

Mr. Macpherson asked the attorney-general:

1. What is the total cost of the draft revision?

2. How much has the government paid to the learned chief justice as the sole commissioner for completing the said draft?

3. What arrangement (if any) as to compensation has been made by the government with the commissioners for the revision of the draft revision?

4. What is the total cost of the work to date?

Hon. Mr. Eberts in reply said:—The total amount paid to the sub-commissioner is $13,500, out of which his payments for professional and clerical assistance are $4,665. The arrangements with the new commissioners for checking, amending and settling the draft is $2 a page, consisting of about two thousand pages. The cost of binding has been $334. The cost of printing cannot be computed as the work has been done by the staff during office hours. The total estimated cost of the work will be little more than half that of the revision of either the Dominion of Ontario statutes, while the work is as much as either, or more.

Dr. Walkem asked the chief commissioner of lands and works:

1. What is the total expenditure in connection with the photo-topographical survey of Kootenay?

2. Has this survey been completed?

3. Have the results obtained been satisfactory to the hon. the chief commissioner?

4. Why has the survey been discontinued?

Hon. Mr. Martin in reply said:

1. $25,602.28.

2. Yes, as far as undertaken.

3. Yes.

4. Because the cost was considered to be too great a tax upon the revenue.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

By Dr. Walkem—That an order of this house be granted for a return of a copy of the judgment in the case of Hoggan v. Canessa, involving the title to certain property in Gabriola island.

By Mr. Rogers—That whereas in the country lying to the north of British Columbia, more particularly the Yukon country, there are wide areas which contain rich quartz ledges and placer diggings, and are attracting a large mining population, with prospects of becoming thickly settled and establishing an extensive import trade:

And whereas already there is an important and growing trade between this province and the country to the north:

And whereas for the carrying of goods into the said country, by the present routes it is necessary to pass through the United States territory of Alaska, much delay and irritation are caused on account of customs restrictions imposed under the United States regulations, in some instances duty being collected on goods during transit through said territory:

Therefore, be it resolved, that a respectful address be presented to his honor the Lieut.-Governor, praying that he may urge upon the Dominion government the necessity of arriving at an arrangement with the government of the United States, in order that the transport of goods from Canada through the territory of Alaska to the Yukon country may be facilitated.

NOTICE OF QUESTION.

By Mr. Braden, to ask the minister of mines:

Has any person made application to record any mineral claim situated on portions of 65 and 66, Victoria district? If such application has been made and refused, on what grounds was the refusal?

By Mr. Smith—On report of mineral act amendment bill to strike out Mr. Braden's alien clause.

THE NEW FOAL—A SURE WINNER.

FIELDING—Out with it, gentlemen; don't be backward. Say you never saw such a glandered, broken-winded, string-halted, ill-shaped, ill-actioned and ill-bred colt in your lives. But don't you wish you owned him?

POISONED BLOOD

Dreadful Death-Draft Comes from Diseased Kidneys.

When Uric Acid Flows in the Veins, Life Looks that of Darkened Windows, Expecting Soon the Close of Day.

The fashionable Italian poison of the XVI. century was aqua torfana. It was used by the Medicis and the first families of Rome, Genoa and Naples. In five years historians tell us, over 600 wives used to make widows of themselves.

In these modern days a more terrible and more prevalent poison is decimating the human family, and men have asked in vain for an antidote. It is the uraemic poisoning of the blood, caused by diseased kidneys. The poison which these useful organs should filter from the blood, is allowed to remain in the circulation and courses through the body, like

"Accursed Hebenon. . . whose effect
Holds such an enmity with blood of man,
That with a sudden vigor it doth posset
and curd
Like eager droppings into milk,
The thin and wholesome blood."

To-day there is a remedy. Science has discovered a sure cure. All may have and apply it. It is sold under the name of DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

It is a specific for all kidney ailments. It cures by restoring the kidneys, so that they properly perform their natural functions. It is the only known cure for Diabetes. For sale by druggists everywhere, and the Dodd's Medicine Co., Ld., Toronto, Ont.

Mr. Vernon Bromley, Trenton, Ont., says:—"For a number of years have suffered severely from rheumatism and sciatica. Was induced to procure a half dozen boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills which I have used, and from being a cripple I am a well man."

Mr. Thomas Harrison, St. Mary's, N. B., says:—"In spite of all other treatment I suffered for nearly a year with stone of the bladder. I was relieved by passing the same, after using one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and completely cured by a few boxes."

Mr. Wm. McEvela, 275 Friel St., Ottawa, says:—"Two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills have worked a wonderful cure in my case. Had been laid up with kidney trouble for months."

HAVE YOU CATARRH?

But One Sure Remedy—Obtain it for 25 Cents, Blower Included, and be Cured.

Catarrh is a disagreeable and offensive disease. It usually results fom a cold and often ends in consumption and death. The one effective remedy so far discovered for it is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

Physicians failed to cure George Belfry, toll-gate keeper, Holland Landing Road. Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure did it.

One box cured William Kneeshaw and two boxes James T. Stoddard, both of West Gwillimbury.

Division Court Clerk Joel Rogers, Robert J. Hoover, and George Taylor, all of Beeton, voluntarily certify to the efficacy of Chase's Catarrh Cure.

J. W. Jennison, of Gilford, spent nearly $300 on doctors, but found no permanent relief until he tried a 25 cent box of Chase's.

Miss Dwyer, of Alliston, got rid of a cold in the head in 12 hours.

Henry R. Nicholls, 176 Rectory street, London, tried a box with excellent effect.

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure is for sale by any dealer, or by Edmanson, Bates & Co, Toronto. Price 25 cents including blower.

Coughs, colds and bronchial troubles readily cured by the latest discovery, Chase's Linseed and Turpentine, pleasant and easy to take. 25 cents.

The Westfield, Ind. News prints the following in regard to an old resident of that place: "Frank McAvoy, for many years in the employ of the L.N.A.& C. Ry. here, says: 'I have used Chamberlains Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for ten years or longer—am never without it in my family. I consider it the best remedy of the kind manufactured. I take pleasure in recommending it.'" It is a specific for all bowel disorders.

For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

—Take the Great Northern line for all Kootenay points—the direct route. Rossland, 31 hours; Nelson, 32 hours.

G. B. Cones, Orillia, Ont., says:—"I most cheerfully testify that five boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured me of diabetes from which I suffered two years."

PORT ANGELES EXCITED.

Rich Gold Ore Discovered in the Olympian Range.

Port Angeles, Wash., May 1.—A. L. Matterson and W. R. Jones, two prospectors from Portland, Ore., have stirred up considerable excitement in this city over discoveries in the Olympics of gold-bearing quartz.

Matterson has been a miner since 1854, and has prospected in nearly every district in the country. He says that the rock, a box of which he shipped yesterday to Butte, Mont., is similar to that taken from the mines at Rossland, and that it bears both silver and gold.

The claims on which he has located are on the Elwha river, about seven miles south of this city. The lead is four feet wide, and is easy of access.

Several parties left the city to-day for the Elwha, where they will locate claims as near as possible to Matterson and Jones.

To artificially bleach the hair will destroy its growth; but if the hair inclines to grayness, assist nature to arrest it with Hall's Hair Renewer.

Held Up On The Street

By Cramps, Giddiness and Weakness Resulting From Dyspepsia.

Paine's Celery Compound Delivers Mr. Rose From Every Trouble

The story of Mr. William V. Rose, of Montreal, is the experience of thousands of men and women who are living a miserable life owing to the agonies of dyspepsia.

Mr. Rose's experience with suffering was a long one. From his youth indigestion and stomach troubles subjected him to daily tortures, and continued up to his 64th year, always increasing in intensity and danger.

After a life time of failures with medicines and doctors, a friend who had used Paine's Celery Compound with great success induced Mr. Rose to give it a trial. The medicine was used, and now Mr. Rose joyfully hoarts of health and a new lease of life.

Mr. Rose, with a view of benefiting all dyspeptic sufferers, writes as follows:

"For a long time I was a great sufferer from dyspepsia, and was often compelled to stop on the street until I could recover from cramps, pains, and attacks of giddiness that were brought on by the terrible disease. I had little strength, could not sleep much, and was so run down that I thought I would never get better.

"I used many kinds of medicine, but they did me very little good. At last I was recommended to use Paine's Celery Compound. I tried a bottle, and it did me more good than anything I had taken before. I have used four bottles and have completely banished the distressing pains in my stomach, and I feel well.

"After having had dyspepsia for almost a life time, I think the cure is a wonderful one."

JAPAN AND HAWAII.

Officials in Washington Have No Fear of Any Trouble.

Washington, May 1.—The officials of the Japanese legation in this city expressed themselves in positive terms as having no fear of international complications between Japan and Hawaii or the United States growing out of the differences between the first two countries on the immigration question. They belittle the possibility of war over the complications which may arise and attribute such talk to the "jingo newspapers, which are disposed to make great ado over matters that can be easily adjusted by diplomacy, and concerning which there is no warrant for the predictions that trouble is likely to follow."

Several weeks ago the legation here received information that the Japanese cruiser Maniwa had been ordered to Honolulu, and is probably there by this time. The object of having a war vessel at Honolulu, it is asserted, is not a sinister one, but is is simply an exercise by the Japanese government of the right claimed and enjoyed by other countries of having naval representatives in the waters of countries where her citizens are located, so that in the event of necessity ample protection may be afforded.

Seventy million people know Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens the system and gives good health.

—The Great Northern runs the famous library observation car on the overland trains; dining cars on the restaurant plan

"Do you think Skinner can make a living out there?"

"Make a living!" Why, he'd make a living on a rock in the middle of the ocean—if there was another man on the rock."—Tit-Bits.

ONE HONEST MAN.

To the Publisher:

Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed envelope the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly strength after years of suffering nervous weakness, lost vigor, unnatural discharges, and lack of development.

I have no scheme to extort money from any one. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank Heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all.

Unsolicited testimonials from my grateful friends who have been cured through my Free Advice:

Mr. Mulford: "I saw your notice in the paper some time ago and wrote you about my case. After following your advice which you so kindly gave me, I am very glad to say that I am now perfectly cured. I wish to thank you a thousand times for your kindness."

"Heaven grant you a long and prosperous life, is the wish of a cured friend."

"Judge of my surprise to receive a kind letter of so valuable advice, absolutely free."

"It is the first advertisement I have answered that did not ask me to call at the Express Office and pay for medicines that I had not ordered."

"I am happy to say that you are truly an Honest Man and deserve the endorsement of both Pulpit and Press."

In conclusion: I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp:

MR. WM. T. MULFORD, Agents' Supplies,
P. O. BOX 59—ST. HENRI, QUE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Dominion Parliament at its next sitting for a private bill to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, equipping, maintaining and operating a railway from a point on the south boundary line of British Columbia between the 134th and 136th degrees of longitude at the head of Lynn Canal, or at some point nearly due north thereof, and thence northerly and westerly by the most feasible route to Fort Selkirk, with power to construct, maintain and operate branch lines and all necessary bridges, ferries and wharves, to construct, own and operate telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway and branches, and to build, own and operate steam and other vessels, to take and use water for generating electricity and other purposes, and to acquire foreshore rights and lands for the right of way, station grounds and other necessities, and to acquire lands and other bonuses or aid from the Government of Canada and British Columbia or from any municipal corporation or person to aid in the construction of the said railway and make traffic and other arrangements with other railway companies or persons and for all other usual and necessary powers and privileges, and also for power to levy a royalty on all precious metals passing eastwards over the said road when constructed, and to carry on business of general trading company and express company; also to own, manage and lease hotels, to mine, explore and develop mineral lands and to carry on a general mining business and any business incidental to any of the purposes aforesaid, and with the approval and consent of the Dominion Government to administer the territory known as the Yukon Territory in Canada under conditions to be prescribed.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for the Applicants, Victoria, B.C.
Dated at the City of Victoria, British Columbia, this 24th day of February, 1897.
DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN.

The Daily Times.

MALADMINISTRATION.

The Colonist has the temerity to assert that "the Ruckles case has been fully threshed out in the house, and it was expressly stated by the leading speakers on the opposition side that no fault lay with the department of lands." Such a statement is so much at variance with the facts that one is surprised at even the Colonist making use of it. Member after member on the opposition side of the house denounced the conduct of the chief commissioner in the matter, and no one having inquired into the facts of the case will make bold to say that the members of the opposition had not sufficient cause for such denunciation. Notwithstanding the report of the committee appointed to investigate matters connected with the issuing of a crown grant for 67 acres of land on Kettle River to Miss G. L. Davey, of Victoria, those who have no desire to boom townsites or whitewash a worse than useless chief commissioner are forced to the conclusion that owing to the course pursued by the chief commissioner, the Ruckle Bros, settlers in Kettle River district, have been wrongfully deprived of a part of their property. That committee's report, which is based only on such evidence as was suitable for whitewashing purposes, is anything but creditable to Mr. Rithet and the other members of the commitee whose signatures are attached. The political allegiance of the senior member for Victoria must have been strong indeed when it forced him to bring in a report that cannot be substantiated even by the correspondence of the officers of the government.

In 1891 Messrs. E. and F. Ruckle pre-empted 640 acres of land along the Kettle river. Sixty-seven acres of this land lies on the same side of the river as the town of Grand Forks, and is adjacent to the town. John A. Coryell, P.L.S., surveyed the land for the Ruckle Bros., and having been called away on other business he employed Mr. Latimer to extend his field notes. The latter neglected to include in the plan of pre-emption the 67 acres on the Grand Forks side of the river. The Ruckle Bros, believing the land had been included, fenced it, cleared about ten acres and cropped it for several years. Land in the vicinity of Grand Forks having become valuable because of the growth of the town, Mr. E. M. Johnson, attorney-in-fact for Miss Davey, applied for the purchase of the 67 acres in question under clause 9 of the Land Act Amendment Act, 1895. This clause states "that actual settlers east of the Cascade range may have the privilege of purchasing of the unreserved and unsurveyed crown lands of this province 320 acres adjoining their locations, provided such land is unfit for cultivation, and the price of such land shall be one dollar per acre."

Leo. Norris, the government agent at Vernon, having received Mr. Johnson's application, wrote, not to the chief commissioner, but to a clerk in the lands and works department. He received the following reply: "In reply to your inquiry I beg to say that the tract of land referred to has not been gazetted as surveyed, and is deemed to be unsurveyed." Mr. Norris, however, had evidently a higher conception of his duties than his superior, and wrote to the chief commissioner that "Ruckle Bros. still think this land is included in their claim. In 1894 when the high water washed away the government road where it runs along the river bank through this lot, the road had to be moved up on the bench, and at that time the land was fenced and a crop of wheat growing on it. Last October, when there were no funds available, the question came up of moving the fence to the river bank to avoid the hill. I went to Grand Forks to look into the matter, and decided that the old road should be rebuilt. Ruckle Bros. complained bitterly of the hardships the changes were inflicting on them. They said the first change made by Schubert had destroyed their crop of wheat, and the second change would cut off from water that part of their ranch, and it was only after the committee of Grand Forks came forward and made an arrangement with them that they consented to have the old road reconstructed. This is the land Johnson wants to buy for one dollar per acre."

Mr. E. M. Johnson "rose to the occasion," however, and made the following declaration:

"I, E. M. Johnson, attorney-in-fact for G. L. Davey, of Kettle River, B.C., do solemnly declare that she is an actual settler on land east of the Cascade Range of mountains, that the land which she desires to purchase under the above application, adjoins the land upon which she is settled, that it is unoccupied, unsurveyed and unreserved crown land, and is unfit for cultivation, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true, and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath, and by virtue of the Canada Evidence Act, 1893."

Hon. G. B. Martin, the chief commissioner of lands and works, refused to be governed by the reports of the government agent at Vernon or the government agent at Midway, refused to heed the advice of S. Russell Almond and Peter T. McCallum, justices of the peace for the district, totally disregarded the requests of the men who had tilled the land for years, treated with contempt the affidavits of the surveyor who made the plan of the pre-emption, violated the spirit and the letter of clause 9 of the land act under which the application was made, and sold for one dollar an acre 67 acres of land which immediately after it came under the control of the purchasers was subdivided into town lots and advertised for sale as adjoining the townsite of Grand Forks. For such conduct on the part of the chief commissioner a parallel would have to be sought in the annals of those scandals which brought federal politics into disrepute, and there is little hope for a better condition of things when we find that prominent members of the legislature can wield the whitewash brush as willingly and as dexterously as those who were employed in that capacity in the Dominion house.

Will the premier rise and explain how a railway 75 miles long can afford transportation facilities to a district containing 140,000,000 acres?

Why should a prospector starting from Victoria to the northern confines of the province, a distance of 1,000 miles, surrender half of his discoveries to a company which carried him 75 miles of the distance?

The Colonist thinks "It is of slight interest to the people of Victoria to know, that the evening paper has not a word of protest against the leasing of that river on unreasonable conditions and practically without notice." Inasmuch as the evening paper had a word of protest against the proposal only two days ago, this assertion seems a little reckless. Perhaps the protest was not full enough of "fine frenzy" to be worthy of the Colonist's notice.

Touching the Cassiar Central railway affair, the Revelstoke Herald says: "In short, if the bill passes, over about 800,180 acres of the richest mineral lands in the province the unfortunate prospector will be tied hand and foot to the company, and there is not the slightest doubt which of the two will come out at the small end of the horn. But the whole of the elaborate conditions are only a blind to cover up the steal. No prospector would ever think of going into the company's territory at all as long as they prevail. The family compact sees its time is short and it is getting shameless. They came within an ace a few years ago of giving away Kootenay, now they want to repeat the operation with Cassiar. The bill has been rushed through. Only one course is open to the people of this province, which is to convince the Dominion government that we have lost all trust in the legislature as at present constituted, and to demand that this bill be vetoed immediately, along with the B. C. Southern Railway Act. Provincial rights are all very well, but when they become provincial wrongs it is time to get the central government in interfere." A much better plan for the people of British Columbia would be to disallow the government.

"The Times compares the Stewart river lease to the Cassiar railway bill. The former gives the exclusive right to 100 miles of river, or substantially the whole river; the latter a conditional lease of 750,000 acres out of 130,000,000. The resemblance between the two is positively startling. The latter is conditioned upon the building of a railway, the former is conditioned on nothing of the kind. The latter gives free miners an equal chance with the company; the former bars free miners altogether. Really the resemblance is more startling the more the two propositions are compared."

So says the Colonist. We should be quite content to take this statement of the case and ask the public to say whether the government organ is honest in upholding the Cassiar scheme while it condemns the other. There are some necessary corrections in the statement, however. One of these is that the Stewart river proposal does not "bar free miners altogether," nor does the Cassiar scheme "give free miners an equal chance with the company." Then the talk of 130,000,000 acres being opened up by the Cassiar railway is about the most absurd nonsense that any man ever made use of for the purpose of befooling the public. The Times is far from approving the Stewart river proposal, but it seems an infinitely mild affair when compared with this Cassiar outrage.

The Objection Not Good.

There are people who have objections to advertising matter in the reading columns of a newspaper. The ground of objection is that they do not want to read advertisements. Now this objection is not good, for often times these advertisements convey valuable information. For instance, how else would the travelling public learn of the excellent dining car service of the Wisconsin Central lines between St. Paul and Chicago, or the general comfort of travelling over this popular line. For particulars call on the nearest ticket agent or address J. C. Pond, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis., or Geo. S. Batty, Gen'l Agt., 246 Stark street, Portland, Or.

QUICK TIME TO KOOTENAY.

For Rossland, Trail, Nelson, Kaslo and all Kootenay and Kettle River mining points travel via Northern Pacific Railway, the fast line. Only 22 hours to Spokane; 31 hours to Rossland; 33 hours to Nelson; 36 hours to Kalso. Rates as via other lines.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.

NEW COMPANIES ACT

The Select Committee Have Materially Altered the Bill Introduced in the House.

Registration Fees Increased—Only British Companies Can Be Licensed.

Hon. Mr. Eberts presented to the house yesterday the report of the select committee to whom was referred the Companies Act. It will be remembered that the attorney-general introduced an act for the incorporation and regulation of joint stock companies and trading corporations at the beginning of the session. The bill met with many criticisms, and it was decided to refer it to the following committee for revision: Messrs. Eberts, Helmcken, Rithet, Sword and Cotton. The committee held several meetings, and as a result of their deliberations, the Companies Act has been materially altered. Some of the most important amendments made by the committee are here given.

The "Interpretation" is redrawn and new clauses are inserted from the 1897 Ontario Act. In fact the committee used the new Ontario Act largely for the purpose of amending the bill. The committee have added to the bill a new part relating to the extraordinary powers of companies under this act. Under this part have been grouped the extension of powers of companies under the modern imperial acts and the extraordinary powers conferred on mining companies. The number of persons who may form themselves into a company for any purpose within the scope of this act has been reduced from seven to five.

The new condition taken from the Ontario act has been imposed "that each subscriber to the memorandum of association shall be the bona fide holder in his own right of the share or shares for which he has subscribed in the memorandum association."

The following new sections have been added from the new Ontario act:

27. Every contract, agreement, engagement, or bargain made, and every bill of exchange drawn, accepted, or indorsed, and every promissory note and cheque made, drawn, or indorsed on behalf of the company by an agent, officer, or servant of the company, in general accordance with his powers as such, under the regulations of the company, shall be binding upon the company; and in no case shall it be necessary to have the seal of the company affixed to any such contract, agreement, engagement, bargain, bill of exchange, promissory note, or cheque, or to prove that the same was made, drawn, accepted, or indorsed, as the case may be, in pursuance of any regulations, or special resolution or order; nor shall the party so acting as agent, officer, or servant of the company be thereby subjected individually to any liability whatsoever to any third party therefor.

(a.) Nothing in this act shall be construed to authorise the company to issue any note payable to the bearer thereof, or any promissory note intended to be circulated as money, or as the note of a bank or to engage in the business of banking. (New.)

28. The directors of the company shall not declare or pay any dividend when the company is insolvent, or diminishes the capital thereof, but if any director present when such dividend is declared, forthwith, or if any director then absent, within twenty-four hours after he has become aware thereof and able so to do, enters on the minutes of the board of directors his protest against the same, and within eight days thereafter causes such protest to be published at, or as near as may be possible to, the head office or chief place of business of the company, such director may thereby, and not otherwise, exonerate himself from liability. (New.)

29. No loan shall be made by the company to any shareholder, and if such loan is made all directors and other officers of the company making the same, and in any wise assenting thereto, shall be jointly and severally liable to the company for the amount thereof, and also to third parties to the extent of such loan with legal interest, for all debts of the company contracted from the time of the making of the loan to that of the repayment thereof; but this section shall not apply to a building society, or to a company incorporated for the lending of money. (New.)

The committee have also amended the part relating to the management and administration of companies. They have imposed a condition that every company under this act must have a registered office within the province. More stringent provisions have been inserted for the protection of members.

In the part dealing with licensing and registration of companies, the committee have entirely redrawn the provisions. No company unless otherwise provided for by any act can carry on business until licensed, and the right to get license is restricted to British companies.

The provisions in the bill relating to banking have been struck out.

The committee have increased the fees to be paid for registration of joint stock companies. For registration of a company whose capital does not exceed $10,000 the fee has been increased from $10 to $25.

For every $5,000 of nominal capital, or part of $5,000, after the first $10,000, up to $25,000, the fee remains the same, $5.

For every $5,000 of nominal capital, or part of $5,000, after the first $25,000, up to $500,000, the fee is increased from $1 to $2.50.

For every $5,000 of nominal capital, or part of $5,000, after the first $500,000, the fee is increased from 25 cents to $1.25.

The following new conditions of registration have also been added by the committee.

For registration of any increased capital made after the first registration of the company, the same fees per $5,000 or part of $5,000, as would have been payable if such increased capital had formed part of the original capital at the time of registration.

For a license to or registration of any extra-provincial company, the same fees as are payable for registering a company.

For registration under this act of any existing company, the certificate of registration whereof is issued pursuant to section 56 hereof, in lieu of the fee of $10 prescribed by section 5 of this act, the same fees as are payable for registering a new company hereunder, allowing credit as part of such fees for the amount of fees paid by such company in respect of its original registration.

For a license to or registraiton under this act of any extra-provincial company already registered in this province as a foreign company, the fee is $10. And in addition thereto, if the license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 56 hereof, the same fees as are payable for registering a new company hereunder, allowing credit as part of such fees for the amount of fees paid by such extra-provincial company in respect of its original registration in this province.

For a license to an extra-provincial insurance company under section 125 of this act, the fee is $25.

For registering any document hereby required or authorised to be registered, other than the memorandum of association, the fee is $1.

For making a record of any fact hereby authorised or required to be recorded by the registrar, the fee is $1.

The following table will show how the fees recommended by the committee will work:

Capital.	Fee.
$ 10,000	$ 25 00
25,000	40 00
50,000	277 50
1,000,000	402 50
2,000,000	652 50

"Half a span of angry steel" will produce no more fatal results than a neglected cold or cough. For all throat and lung diseases, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy. It is invaluable in cases of croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and la grippe.

—Do you think of buying a bicycle? If so, see Weiler Bros.' stock of Ramblers and Ideals. A special feature in these machines is the famous G. & J. tire.

If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable, and these little pills cure both.

—The G. & J. tire is the most expensive tire made, all Rambler and Ideal bicycles are fitted with the same. Weiler Bros.

JUST PUBLISHED.

The... Art Bible

Agents Wanted at once to sell this great work. Teachers and STUDENTS can make excellent remuneration.

THE ART BIBLE is really a Family Bible, size 7x10 inches, in one volume, 1300 pages, handsomely bound in fine English cloth, gilt edges, or in an extra morocco binding with special design, gilt edges.

TO THE STUDENT, and especially in the HOME, it is of incalculable value, but what gives its title of THE ART BIBLE is the wealth of illustrations with which it is embellished. Contains 850 illustrations of the most stirring scenes in Holy Writ.

We do not hesitate to say that it is the brightest production of the Sacred Book ever published.

WRITE FOR TERMS AND TERRITORITY AT ONCE.

MUNROE & CASSIDY, 28 Front Street West, Toronto.

When writing to advertisers mention Victoria Times.

MINES.

Syndicate now forming to handle and develop claims on Texada Island.

STOCK—Victoria-Texada, capital, $150,000, par, 25 cents, price, 25 cents; call and see samples of free gold ore.

New Victor, capital, $175,000, par, 25 cents. 3 full claims on Wild Horse Creek.

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO

28 BROAD STREET.

Houses To Rent.

4-roomed house, Toronto street, $5 per month; 5-roomed house, Cormorant street, $8 per month; 5-roomed house, Chatham street, $6 per month; 5-roomed house, Fulton street, $5 per month; 5-roomed house, Belcher avenue, $6 per month; 6-roomed house, Oak Bay, $6 per month; 7-roomed house, Oak Bay, $11.50 per month; 8-roomed house, Oak Harbor, $11 per month; 8-roomed house, Cadboro Bay road, $25 per month; 10-roomed house, Fort street, $25 per month; 5-roomed house, Victoria West, $6 per month; 7-roomed house, Victoria West, $15 per month; 8-roomed house, Victoria West, $25 per month; 4-roomed house, 1½ acres on Arm, $7 per month; butcher's shop, $3 per month.

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO.,
BROAD STREET.

Victoria Building Society.

The 58th Drawing for an Appropriation in connection with the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad Street, on Saturday, the 1st May, 1897, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order.

A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.

ap. 27.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post 1½ miles from the head of Loughborough Inlet, situate on Fraser Bay; thence west 40 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south to shore line; thence following shore line in a southerly direction to point of commencement, and containing 320 acres, more or less.

M. KING.

April 12th, 1897. ap26

.... THE ....

Milwaukee Brewing Co.

(Limited Liability.)

124 JOHNSON STREET, CITY, Successors to J. Leahy, brewers of English Ale, Lager, Stout, Porter and Steam Beer.

HERMAN KURTH, Mgr.

MEDIUM.

Are you in trouble or do you want advice? If so, call on Mrs. Dr. Marchant at Victoria Hotel, Room 55. She will give you valuable advice on all business matters.

JNO. MESTON.

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Fee dors streets.

Notice of Removal.

After May 5th, 1897, the Victoria Assay Office will be incorporated with the Victoria Metallurgical Works, and the plant will be removed from its present office in Broad street, to 43 Fort street.

W. J. R. COWELL, Manager.

Kong Sing Wing Co.

Have opened the best store in the city. Everything choice. Groceries, fruit and vegetables, underclothing shirts, etc. Employment agency. Don't do anything until you see us at.

No. 54 Fisguard Street, cor. Government.

YOUR BABY'S SKIN NEEDS

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

NONE BETTER FOR DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

The Victoria Metallurgical Works

With which is incorporated THE VICTORIA ASSAY OFFICE, 43 Fort street, Victoria. Ores tested in small quantities or in bulk, by any known process. Mill tests up to 20 tons. Prices for assaying: Gold, $1; silver, $1; lead, $1; copper, $2; gold and silver, $1.50; silver and lead, $1.50; gold, silver and copper, $3. For prices on other metals, mill tests, etc., apply to

W. J. R. COWELL, B.A., F.G.S., R.E., Manager.

REMOVAL.

WING ON,

Importer and Dealer, Commission and Employment Agent, has removed office to No. 24 Cormorant st., 2 doors above old store.

AUCTION SALES.

...ONLY CORNER AUCTION ROOM...

WILLIAM JONES

General Auctioneer and Commission Agent,

133 Government Street, Corner Pandora Street.

Large Premises. Well appointed.

FURNITURE, Farm Stock and Real Estate AUCTIONEER.

All goods sent for absolute sale will receive prompt and personal attention. Consignments solicited. Money to loan on real estate. Furniture bought for cash to any amount.

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.

OPTICIANS. 97 FORT STREET

If the lines in the figure are not equally black in all the different meridians, it indicates a defect of sight that causes nervous headache, and should be corrected at once. Eyes tested free.

A. O. U. W. HALL

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 3rd

at 8 o'clock,

LIONEL A. WOLFF will give an exhibition of

Mind Reading and Hypnotism.

Open air test on Government street on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, weather permitting.

...GENERAL ADMISSION 25 CENTS....

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

A. O. U. W. Hall, Saturday, May 1.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

For the benefit of the

Protestant Orphans' Home.

A Carnival of Music, Mirth, Melody and the wonderful

..Magniscope..

Assisted by noted local talent and a grand chorus of

50 Childrens' Voices

of the Protestant Orphans' Home.

Tickets—Afternoon, 10c.; evening, 15c., or two for 25c. For sale at Jamieson's, Hibben & Co.'s and Lombard's

FREE CANDY AND NUTS to every child and school pupil at afternoon entertainment.

INSTITUTE HALL

VIEW STREET,

Monday and Tuesday, May 3 and 4

European Prima Donna,

Ohrstrom-Renard

And the New Lyric Star,

...MISS REBECCA McKENZIE...

Grand Opera and Folk Songs of Europe. Soloists at Paris, Copenhagen, New York, Boston, etc.

Admission 50 cents, reserved seats 75 cents, at Lombard's, 31 Fort street. Carriages at 10 p.m.

Nor. Bq. Alette

Capt. J. Lorentzen.

Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel without their written authority.

ROBT. WARD & CO., Ltd., Agents.

To Farmers, Market Gardeners, etc.

THE VICTORIA CHEMICAL CO., Ltd., Outer Wharf, Victoria, offer fertilizers at the following prices, in ton lots:

Muriate of Potash	2¾c.	per lb.
Sulphate of Potash	2¾c.	"
Kainite	1½c.	"
Nitrate of Soda (Nitre.)	2½c.	"
Bone Superphosphate	1½c.	"

Supplies quantities at short advance.

All Ladies

Know that to make a cake good baking powder and the finest flavoring extracts are necessary. GOLDEN WEST extracts and baking powder are absolutely pure. All good grocers keep them.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK OF PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

HUMPHREY'S

Homoeopathic Medicines

May be obtained at

BOWES DRUG STORE,
100 Government near Yates St.

He dispenses prescriptions.
Telephone 425.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Glasgow beef ham, spiced, long roll. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street. •

—A party of eleven bluejackets from H. M. ships left by the C. P. R. this morning for Halifax.

—A most complete stock of fishing tackle just received at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street. •

—B. C. Candy Kitchen for sweet cream, ice cream, 25c. per pint, cor. of Yates and Govt. streets. •

—Educational and other books, magazines and newspapers, at publishers' prices to order. Johnston's, Kirk block.

—Twenty-four packages crockery, glass, china and hardware ex Dunboyne and Waterloo just opened and for sale cheap at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. •

—Capt. Blanchard received eight applications from non-coms. and men of the first battalion yesterday evening for the position of British Columbia's representatives in the Canadian Jubilee regiment.

—The police are endeavoring to find the whereabouts of Wm. Bower, a private in the detachment of Royal Marine Light Infantry serving on board H. M. S. Pheasant, who is wanted for desertion.

—The piece of ore at Morris' cigar store, of the weight of which nearly 11,000 guesses were made, was weighed last evening. It weighs exactly 20 pounds 11 ounces.

Still the Choicest—Capital Cigars. Try them.

—At the regular weekly meeting to be held in the A.O.U.W. building to-morrow evening the speaker will undertake to show that many of the so-called orthodox doctrines of Christendom tend to nullify the gospel of Christ. See advt. on first page.

—The street railway company will on and after to-day give a twenty-minute service on the Esquimalt route from the hours of 12:20 p.m., to 8 p.m. on week days, and on Sundays from 12:20 p.m. to 6 p.m. On the regular service the first car will leave the postoffice at 6:05 a.m. and the last at 11 p.m. On Sunday the last car will leave the postoffice at 10:30 a.m.

—Mr. Scott received another order from Vancouver for 10,000 shares of Kokanee. He expects the whole block to be cleared out next week and for the benefit of those who can't get down during the day he will keep his office, 42 Fort street, open until 9 p.m. Mr. Scott thinks the chances good for this stock becoming some of the most valuable in Kootenay. There is no doubt about the value of their properties.

—His worship Mayor Redfern interviewed Admiral Palliser yesterday in reference to the proposed celebration in this city on June 21st and 22nd in commemoration of the Diamond Jubilee of Her Majesty the Queen. Admiral Palliser expressed his willingness to assist the celebration and stated that he and the officers of the North Pacific squadron would do all in their power to make the celebration a successful one.

—The passengers on the Empress of China, now being detained at the quarantine station, were treated to a band concert yesterday evening by the Fifth Regiment band, who, at the suggestion of Lieut.-Col. Gregory, chartered the C. P. N. Co.'s steamer Maude and, accompanied by a small contingent of Victorians, paid a visit to the big white liner. The Maude hove to some distance away from the Empress, and for a time the spirits of the captives were cheered by the sweet strains rendered by the bandsmen. The Maude did not return to the city until midnight.

—During the month just past the following cases have been dealt with in the city police court: Vagrancy, 5; attempting suicide, 1; aggravated assault, 1; infraction of the streets by-law, 6; malicious injury to property, 2; stealing, 3; infraction of the animals act, 1; infraction of the militia act, 1; pointing a revolver, 1; safe keeping, 4; infraction of the bicycle by-law, 4; detained as necessary witnesses, 4; exposing goods for sale with a false trade description, 1; housebreaking, 1; in possession of stolen property 3; attempting to supply liquor to Indians, 1; infraction of the cemetery by-law, 1; infraction of the park by-law, 1; assault, 1; infraction of the revenue by-law, 2; infraction of the sewer connection by-law, 1; stabbing and wounding, 1; and drunk, 14.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—Juvenile bicycles, boys' and girls', $25 and $30, at Weiler Bros. •

—If you appreciate a well made and good fitting suit go to 101 Douglas St. •

—Lawn Mowers cheap for cash at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street. •

—A fine stock of lace curtains at Weiler Bros. •

—Just received at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street, a large assortment of English cricket and lawn tennis goods. •

—See G. D. Scott re Kokanee creek stock. It is no "wild cat." They have four claims in Spokane with high grade ore outcropping. They are selling only small blocks at 3 cents so as to make some shipments this spring.

—Mr. G. D. Scott, 42 Fort street, leaves in a few days for Kootenay, where he has extensive interests, chiefly in the Lardeau-Trout Lake and Slocan sections. Mr. Scott was one of the first to become interested in Kootenay from the coast, and has spent the greater part of each summer in these camps for the last three years. Having been fortunate in securing some of the best properties he is now engaged in developing them.

—The case of Antonio Redo, charged with stabbing and wounding Louis Palossa, was continued in the police court this morning, when Tom Passola continued his evidence under cross-examination of Mr. Thornton Fell. Passola, who has been detained as a necessary witness since the affray, was this morning released on giving bonds that he will appear and give evidence before a higher court when the case comes up for trial. The case was adjourned until Monday morning.

—The customs returns of this port for April follow:

IMPORTS.

Free	$107,431 00
Dutiable	161,580 00
Total	$269,011 00
Duty collected	$ 62,881 00
Other revenues	10,276 61
Total	$ 73,158 50

EXPORTS.

Produce of Canada	$ 32,821 00
Not produce of Canada	15,790 00
Total	$ 48,611 00

—A promenade band concert, the forerunner of many to be given at Mt. Baker hotel during the summer months, will be given this evening by the Fifth Regiment band. the programme is as follows: March—"Handicap," Rosey; overture—"Pique Dame," Suppe; waltzes—"Pluie d'Or," Waldteufel; selection —"A Visit to the Minstrels," Bowron; medley overture—"The Jingbes," Beyer; caprice—"Little Wag," Eilenberg; (a) song and dance—"Coon Wedding," Finn; (b) Ethiopian Skit—"Darkies Jamboree," Puener; selection from "The Yeoman of the Guard," Sullivan; "God Save the Queen."

—The Vancouver News-Advertiser, referring to the concert company, who are to appear at Institute Hall on Monday evening, says: "A large audience that nearly packed the Congregational Church last night greeted Madame Augusta Ohrstrom-Renard and Miss Rebecca McKenzie, assisted by Mr. Trevelyn, and gave the accomplished artists a reception that at times partook of a real ovation. Nearly every number was encored. To say the least the concert was beautifully rendered and the various items made a feast of melodies. The duets were gems; the voices of the two singers blending finely. The nice grading of the crescendo and diminuendo, piano and forte passages were grand; the sustaining notes were held without apparent effort and the time kept through difficult counter fugues with great precision."

—The New Westminster Columbian notes the finding of a boat near Point Roberts on Tuesday last, in the bottom of which was a man without a stitch of clothing on, and unconscious. In the boat was a trunk containing papers, the papers showing that the trunk at least belonged to John Burns, a native of Hamburg, but a British subject. There were other papers relating to land sections 95 and 96 near Victoria. Dr. Reinhard, of Ladner, who was called, found the man in a terrible condition. The body was a mass of bruises, and, although the man regained consciousness, he has since been completely demented. The doctor states that the man may pull through physically, but that it is doubtful if he ever recover from his demented condition. A suit of clothes was found in the boat, which certainly did not belong to the unfortunate man, as they were several sizes too small.

—A large and enthusiastic throng of children crowded A.O.U.W. Hall this afternoon when an entertainment, of which a magniscope exhibition was the principle feature, was given in aid of the Protestant Orphan's Home. Every boy and girl present was given a bag of nuts and candy. The entertainment will be repeated this evening when the following scenes will be shown: by the wonderful magniscope: 1. The Gondola Procession; 2. A Dove Among Pigeons; 3. The Fast Mail; 4. The Skirt Dance; 5. At Shawnigan Lake; 6. The Gulf of Georgia after the recent storm in March, as seen from Dallas Road (new), one of the most realistic water effects; 7. Cleanliness is Next to Godliness (new), very amusing; 8. Grand March from Pinafore (new), by 36 people in full stage costumes; 9. The Great Hurdle Race (new), one of the most realistic and exciting scenes ever presented, the horses are seen to come toward the audience at full gallop; 10. The Great Fire Scene (by general request). This is the last time the magniscope will be seen in the city, as Dr. De Kannet leaves shortly for Alaska, in behalf of the Russian press. No one but those who witnessed the magniscope entertainments can form an idea what a refined, amusing and enjoyable form of amusement it furnishes. This with the balance of the evening's entertainment furnished by some of the local noted talents —and the good cause—will undoubtedly fill the A.O.U.W. Hall to-night to the doors.

Spring is full of terrors to all whose constitution is not able to resist the sudden changes of temperature and other insalubrities of the season. To put the system in condition to overcome these evils, nothing is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Take it now.

In the Springtime Tone Up

Our Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites leaves nothing to be desired as a Tonic. In pint bottles, at $1.00.

John Cochrane, Chemist
North-West Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

A NEW STEAMER

A Palatial Liner To Be Built for Service Between Frisco and Japan.

The Coast Sealing Season Closed Yesterday—The Catch a Poor One.

C. P. Huntington stated at San Francisco Saturday that he had finally decided upon the plans for a new steamer for the Pacific Mail service between that port, Japan and China. The vessel will be built at Newport News, and will be of ten thousand tons measurement. In speed, design and general character of hull and machinery the vessel will resemble such Atlantic ocean carriers as the Majestic of the White Star line. The cost of the Teutonic, Majestic and others of the latest built Atlantic liners is, Mr. Huntington says, about $1,800,000. This sum includes, however, costly decorations for cabins, staterooms and other apartments of a great passenger steamer between the United States and Europe. He does not intend to have expensive decorations in the new Pacific Mail vessel. The cost will not be more than $1,250,000. The average speed is to be seventeen knots an hour. The maximum will be a little over twenty-one knots. The steamship will be ready for service about a year from May 10 next. By that time it is expected that the Japanese steamship company, Toyo Kisen Kaisha, will be ready to share with the Pacific Mail and Occidental and Oriental steamship lines in a joint service between San Francisco and the Orient. President Asano, of the Japanese company, has ordered three vessels for the service. They are being built in England. The Pacific Mail and Occidental and Oriental lines will each have three vessels in the service. By this arrangement a steamer will arrive and depart from that port every ten days. The China and City of Peking with the steamer to be built, will constitute the Pacific Mail fleet.

San Francisco, April 30.—Advices from Honolulu received last night state that the Japanese steamship Hakusan Maru, which left Yokohama for San Francisco April 3, is the first of the new line of steamers to be established between the Orient, Honolulu and San Francisco, and between Seattle and Portland and Asiatic ports. The company is known as the San Francisco & Yokohama Transportation Company, and will operate five first-class steamers between the above named ports. It has been established by a number of local merchants, who have been injured by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Seattle-Oriental vessels. The Pacific Mail company offered no relief, and the Nippon Yusen Kaisha refused to land its steamers at this port. George E. Boardman has been appointed Hawaiian agent of the new line, and Chapman & Co., of San Francisco, will represent it here. The names of the other steamers cannot yet be learned, nor have the details of the Seattle-Portland service been given out. The men behind the company are substantial, and it is looked on here as a formidable rival of the already established lines."

The coast sealing season closed yesterday, and the next few days will see most of the coast fleet in the harbor cleaning up and fitting out for the Behring Sea cruise. The season has been a very poor one, not on account of the scarcity of seals, for there were lots of them, but as a result of the very rough weather. The schooners which went to the south of the Farralone islands, the Allie I. Algar, Mary Taylor and Pioneer were more successful than the rest of the fleet, but even they did not have large catches. The Pioneer got in a few days ago with over 600 skins, while the Mary Taylor, which arrived this morning, only has 370 skins. Her cruise was an uneventful one.

The sealing schooners owned by the Indians of Neah Bay have made very small catches off the coast. The Columbia secured 88 skins, Behring Sea 28, Deeahks 30, and Swan 55.

Victoria Lodge, No. 17, K. of P., held its regular convention Thursday evening, when considerable business of importance was transacted. The new paraphenalia has arrived, and is beyond doubt the grandest in the province, which is far beyond the expectations of the members. It promises to be in use in the very near future, as a large number of candidates are waiting for initiation, who will occupy the attention of the lodge for quite a few meetings. No. 17 is in a flourishing condition, both financially and in membership. All members are requested to be present at the next convention, as matters of importance are to be brought before them.

—Regular meeting of Court Vancouver, A.O.F., will be held as usual in Foresters' hall next Monday night, when three candidates are to be initiated into the mysteries of the order. A programme of vocal and instrumental music will be rendered, in which a number of influential members will take part, and who are known to be interesting entertainers. Chief Ranger F. Nelson has left the hospital and his friends will welcome his smiling countenance at the meetings again. The committee re the re-union excursion will also make their report, and brothers are requested to attend.

—Okell & Morris' jams are guaranteed pure. •

ONLY A HAT

What a difference it makes in your appearance. If you have an old, out of date Hat you're apt to lose your best friends. But a new Hat tones up your whole appearance. We have lots of new Hats, the latest being a wide rim Fedora. Just the proper kind for this time of year. They're very becoming to young men (and old men, too). Colors: Black and brown, with heavy silk band and binding, $2.50. Your money back without a question for the asking.

CAMERON,
The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street

—From the free library, Victoria, there have been issued during April 1793 books, 840 of these to ladies and 953 to gentlemen. The largest number issued on one day was 120, the average number 75. Seventeen new members have entered their names on the register; 4 ladies and 13 gentlemen. Mrs. Clausen has given to the library "A Knight of the 19th Century," by E. P. Roe; Mrs. Worden has given "Two on a Tower," by T. Hardy; "In Colonial Days," by L. M. N. Mrs. Dunderdale has given "Macaria," by Evans Wilson, and "Beulah" by Evans Wilson. Miss Wylde has given "My Lady Rotha," by Stanley Weyman. Mr. Dodgson has given "Jones' English System of Bookkeeping." From an unknown donor there have been presented to the library nine bound volumes of "Good Words," ranging from 1861 to 1880, a very useful and acceptable gift.

—Ald. McCandless appeared in the police court this morning to answer to the charge of violating the streets by-law by having outside his store one of those much-talked-of bicycle racks. As the section of the streets by-law upon which the charge was based deals only with the exposing on the streets of merchandise and goods offered for sale, and the bicycle rack did not come under this category the case was dismissed. Six Chinese storekeepers also came before the police magistrate charged with violating the same by-law by placing vegetables, hen coops, etc., offered for sale on the sidewalks. These cases were adjourned until Monday morning, when Magistrate Macrae will give his decision, both in these cases and in the two cases adjourned from yesterday.

—Mayor Redfern gives notice that at the meeting of the city council on next Monday evening he will recommend to the council the following resolution: "That the clerk of the municipal council be instructed to forthwith notify Messrs. Walkeley, King & Casey, the contractors for the water works at Beaver lake, to proceed on or before the 10th inst. with the completion of the said water works, in accordance with the contract, and that they be further notified that unless they so proceed and continuously prosecute with reasonable diligence to completion, the corporation will, without further notice, take over and complete the said works and charge the cost of the same to the said contractors."

—The steamer City of Puebla, which sailed from San Francisco this morning, has the following cabin passengers for Victoria: Capt. Whiteman, Jos. Thompson and wife, A. B. Townsend, A. Cameron, A. O. Kutscher, Mrs. C. Twitchell, L. S. Abraham, E. Williamson, H. A. Vachell, W. G. Bovey, Mrs. R. O. Armstrong, F. McNeill and wife, Mrs. A. Baner, J. H. Bryne, G. D. Hewson and wife, G. B. Ogden, Mrs. E. H. Cole, Mrs. Geo. L. Courtney, Mrs. H. P. Bowan, Mrs. W. C. Rispin, Geo. E. Magee, R. A. Shears, John Milton and wife, Jos. Hetic, Mrs. R. V. Ball and child, Mrs. Thomas Ball, Mrs. L. Brown, T. B. Greenwald, H. G. Rose and wife.

—The fire record for the month of April is not a very heavy one. There were but three small fires, with losses amounting to but $25. On the 20th two roof fires occupied the attention of the fire department; these were extinguished with but little loss. The third alarm was caused by a small fire in a Government street candy store. The loss on this occasion was also very slight. Since the first of the year there have been 18 fires, with a loss estimated at $4,161.

—The entertainment to be given on Monday evening in A.O.U.W. hall by Mr. L. A. Wolff promises to be a very interesting one. Mr. Wolff has prepared a series of mind-reading tests, including the celebrated wire test, by which the thoughts of a medium are transmitted to the mindreader through a piece of copper wire. Another feature of the entertainment will be the hypnotic exhibition, which will undoubtedly cause roars of laughter.

—Gunner W. Scott has been selected by the officers of the Fifth Regiment to represent the Victoria battalion on the Diamond Jubilee regiment, which is to represent Canada in London. The selection is a popular one. Gr. Scott is a member of the J. B. A. A. four-oared crew that has twice won the championship of the Pacific Northwest. Vancouver has selected Sergt. Worsnop.

—Instead of the usual men's meeting held at the Y.M.C.A. on Sunday afternoons, commencing at 4 o'clock, an open meeting will be held to-morrow afternoon. Rev. Percival Jenns, of St. John's church, will conduct the meeting and the choir of that church will be present.

—On Tuesday, May 4th, the Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Company will produce a drama entitled, "Nevada, or the Lost Mine," at Semple's hall in aid of the Victoria West volunteer hose company.

THE MUTUAL LIFE OF NEW YORK

The Largest and Strongest Company in the World.

Assets in Canada	$4,257,520 76
Liabilities in Canada	3,301,370 00
Canadian Surplus	$ 956,150 76

For particulars apply to
HEISTERMAN & CO.,
....AGENTS....

NEW Woolens, Worsteds, Cloths

Just Received Direct from Europe.

Handsome Trouserings,
Fashionable Spring Overcoatings.
New Weaves and Patterns in......
Scotch and English Tweeds and Serges.

A. GREGG & SON,
...TAILORS...
62 YATES STREET - - - VICTORIA, B. C.

Okell & Morris
Manufacture the Purest
....PRESERVES AND CANDIES....
That can be made. We have the Largest Factory in British Columbia, Employ more hands, and have the most up-to-date machinery. We are experts at our business, and our Goods *ARE ALWAYS RIGHT. Buy them and Try Them.*

There's No Guesswork

About our stock of MEN'S FOOTWEAR. A look at the Government street window of our store will convince you of that. We have

OX BLOODS,
CHOCOLATES,
WINES,
RUSSETS,
BLACKS

In all the latest shapes. Perfect in design, workmanship, material and finish—in no particular is there a weakness. In point of every requisite necessary to run a successful footwear establishment we lead.

....Our Prices Are Right....

A. B. ERSKINE,
Cor. Government and Johnson Streets....

Just From Glasgow

I have just unpacked a large shipment of the finest.....

Scotch Tweeds, Worsteds, Etc.

Come now and see these choice goods if you would be thoroughly pleased in the matter of a Spring or Summer Suit.

CREIGHTON,
......The Tailor, Yates Street.

STRAW GOODS....

Five Cases received today. All the LATEST STYLES, both American and English.

SAM SEA,
DOUGLAS STREET.

No Bicycle

Will now be complete without a lamp. Conform with the city ordinance and get a good light from us. A fine stock on hand, including King of the Road, Search Light, M. & W. and a host of others.

COLUMBIA,
CLEVELAND and
CRESCENT BIKES..........

Waitt & Co.
60-64 GOVERNMENT ST.

CAUTION

Customers leaving Watches outside my store to any of my employees I will not be responsible for.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68 1-2 YATES STREET,
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Shafts, $1.25.
Guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Victoria Water Works

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after this date the use of water for sprinkling or irrigating purposes will not be permitted between the hours of nine in the morning and five in the afternoon.

Persons infringing this regulation are liable to a fine of fifty cents for each infraction and to have the water shut off without notice.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

City Hall, 28th April, 1897.

J. PIERCY & CO.
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS, and CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS

MINERS OUTFITS A SPECIALTY.

Victoria, B. C.

Mining Shares For Sale.

5,000 Victoria-Texada at par, 25c.; 10,000 Argo at par, 10c.; 5,000 Buffalo at par, 25c.; 10,000 Black Hills at par, 10c.; 1,000 Consolidated Alberni, 22c.; 5,000 Mineral Hill (owners of five claims adjoining the Alberni Consolidated), 10c.; 800 Van Anda, 9c.; 500 Cariboo of Camp McKinney, 48c.; Gibson, 17½c.; Tin Horn, 25c.; 5,000 Slocan Queen (3 claims immediately adjoining the Slocan Star), 10c.; 10,000 Silver Band at par, 25c.; 2,000 St. Keverne, 4½c.; 1,000 Star, 5c.; 10,000 Consolidated Sable Creek, Lardeau, at 10c. Average of 12 assays gives gold, $10; silver, $30.50; copper, $21. Total, $57.50.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Mining Brokers, 78 Government St.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

DR. JACK'S WIFE.

By ST. GEO. RATHBORNE,

Author of "Dr. Jack," "Captain Tom," "Miss Caprice," Etc.

CHAPTER XII.

After that one cold shiver Doctor Jack is himself again. He still holds the frozen hand that fails to return his pressure, holds it while he says in a subdued yet steady voice:—

"What does this mean, old man?"

"That I have been a fool, doctor. I wish you could knock some sense into my stupid head with a club—I'd be glad to have you do it only for—that package."

"It's safe yet?" anxiously.

"I believe so, but every minute that we remain here increases the danger of losing it."

"What has happened to your arm, man?"

"Eh? Nothing."

"But your fingers are as cold as ice."

"Are they? I don't see how. Great Scott!" and the Texan can be heard chuckling in the darkness as though dreadfully tickled.

"Speak on, Kirke."

"It must be the dummy's hand you caught."

"Dummy!" casting it from him; "what under the sun are you doing with a dummy?" and Jack's voice is full of surprise.

"You see, they've got a lot of wax figures in here, probably the noted people of the world. Reckon some one used to run a show, and these are his stock-in-trade. Perhaps it's Julius Caesar I toppled over, and his arm hangs out of the window—or it may be the great and only Bonaparte—think of the honor of shaking hands with such a notable party."

Kirke is inclined to be humorous in spite of his strange surroundings, and the presence of deadly danger. Some men would joke and laugh, if hung up by the thumbs.

"What are you doing in there?" asks Jack.

"Prisoner of war," laconically.

"But when you gave that man the note you were at large in the garden?"

"Just so, Jack, my boy. They caught me trying to escape soon after, and chucked me into this sweet hole. I've been occupying my time and all my matches in interviewing the various worthies congregated here, and they're beauties, too, I assure you. I shall be haunted all my life by some of their faces. Regular curiosity shop. Just when you came up I was busily engaged at the stone mason trade."

"What?"

"You see the wall is very old, and I find the mortar poor. Already I've dislodged one stone, and another is ready to follow. While I talk I'm working like a beaver."

"Can I help you?" asks Jack eagerly. He admires just such boldness in conception and execution.

"Try to the left of the window. There, you may feel the stones move. Ah! we'll vamose this ranch in double quick time, bet your life."

Their united work has a speedy result, and hands meet in the opening—hands with a grasp that means more than ordinary friendship. Doctor Jack is naturally curious to know how all this came about, but he asks no further questions. There will be plenty of time for those after they have made good their escape.

As the prisoner has said, the mortar is poor, and offers no resistance, so that they are able to dislodge stone after stone with very little effort.

At length Kirke declares the opening has reached a size that will admit of his passage, and with that he crawls through.

"I tell you I'm glad to be out of that den. It's one of horrors, too, and, if I'd been drinking freely of late, I'd believe I had 'em sure," and the Texan draws a great breath of relief.

Then he cocks his head on one side, and appears to be listening intently.

"I don't hear 'em, but they're around."

"What's that?" asks Jack a suspicion flashing across his mind that perhaps his friend has gone crazy.

"Are you armed, old fellow?"

"Of course. See here."

The Texan fondles the weapon eagerly as though he were a miser gloating over his gold.

"I hope they'll discover us now. I'd be tempted to shout and arouse the house, if you only had a mate to this for me."

"Well, I have, but don't do anything rash. Remember we've got a great deal to accomplish yet, and can't afford to be foolish."

"On your request I'll bottle my enthusiasm and remain dumb," replies Kirke, whose spirits have gone up three hundred per cent. since he learned that he could keep the weapon Jack thrust into his hand.

"Tell me, is it up this place?" asks the doctor, "for if so I don't mean to leave in a hurry."

"Outside," is the quick response.

"Then come with me, and I'll show you how I entered."

They move along the face of the building in the direction, as Jack believes, of the spot where he descended. It may not be so easy to get out, but where there's a will there's a way; and these determined men are not the ones to be daunted by obstacles.

Thus far fortune has favored them, but it now frowns. Loud voices are heard in their rear, lights are seen, and the barking of a dog indicates that the excitement means something connected with their flight.

"The goose is cooked—they're coming," says the Texan, calmly, and one could almost declare there is a ring of pleasure in his voice, as though he anticipates a picnic in the encounter.

Indeed, the clamor in their rear has by this time reached such proportions that it is positively alarming. Men shout and swear, and new lights flash upon the scene, until it even looks as though giant fireflies are darting hither and thither through the garden.

"We can defend ourselves, but the time has not yet come. Here is an open door. Let's investigate the house."

The audacity of this plan pleases Kirke Smith. He chuckles over it, even while following Jack into the inky hallway.

"Tit for tat. As they go out we enter in. Eureka! Lead on, Doctor Jack," he mutters, "and I'll follow even to Satan's land."

Jack gropes his way along. It will be a strange thing if they cannot find some door or window opening upon the street, by means of which they may escape.

Let the minions of Colonel Garcia and the English lord search for them in the garden. Even if the dog shows them the hall which the fugitives have entered, they will not be much worse off, since they can put their backs against the wall and fight.

Steadily Doctor Jack pushes on—no matter what the confusion outside, he will not risk everything by too much speed—at the same time he is no laggard.

The hall ends, but a door is found which opens at a touch, and they discover a room in which lights abound. It has been occupied by a number of persons, and is evidently a parlor, for piano and pictures can be seen.

Nor is it destitute of human occupancy now; two ladies are seen at a window; they lean out, and very probably look into the garden, were the mad search goes merrily on.

Doctor Jack believes that in one of these ladies he sees the senorita who gave him so much trouble on the preceding night; but there is no need of verifying this suspicon. They may slip through the room unnoticed.

He pinches Kirke's arm to make sure that the Texan realizes the gravity of the situation, and then puts a finger on his lip to indicate silence.

After that the two men start to pass through the room. There is some floor covering under their feet, which helps to conceal the sound of their footsteps. Hence, it is not any noise made by them that attracts attention.

Just when they are in the middle of the room one of the figures in the window turns and the Chilian beauty finds herself face to face with Doctor Jack.

She is taken quite by surprise, and stares, while the American, equal to the emergency, makes a polite salaam.

Then he follows Kirke, who has taken the lead at this moment, leaving the senorita standing rooted to the spot. She will not remain long in this attitude, but turning to the open casement will endeavor to let those below understand that the parties they seek are even then in the house.

Such being the situation, it necessitates more speed on their part in order to gain an exit. By degrees Doctor Jack is picking up some ideas regarding the lay of the land—which is the front of the house, for he believes, yes, he is sure it faces on a street at the point where he reached it on the wall.

A strange flight is this, and in the future they will doubtlss smile when memory brings it before their mental vision. At present it is a serious business, since those who chase them are desperate men bent upon visiting their anger on the heads of the Americans.

"This looks like it."

As he speaks, Doctor Jack comes to a sudden pause in front of a window.

"It's barred," cries Kirke, in dismay, as he notices the iron which was doubtless placed there when the house was a convent.

"Bah!" sneers the other—his hands close upon one of the irons; strangely enough they are on the inside of the window instead of the usual place for such protections. It was not to prevent people from breaking in that these were placed there, but to keep the inmates from breaking out.

This man takes a firm hold, and as he utters that one contemptuous exclamation, wrenches the rusty bar from its socket and tosses it aside.

"Hurrah!" exclaims Kirke. "That's one."

By this time his companion of muscle and sinew has grasped a second bar, which he twists from its lodging with even greater ease than the first.

"Eureka! what can stand up against us? One more fixes it, Jack."

"Look out, then!" says the other, quietly.

They can hear a roar of voices in the house, and know their enemies have been put upon the right trail, either through the dog's keen nose, or the senorita's outcries.

Crack!

The opening is now complete, and Kirke hastens to accept the invitation it offers; pushes his body through, hangs by his hands, and then recklessly lets go without more than a guess as to the distance that may be between his feet and the ground.

Nor does Doctor Jack hesitate about following the example thus set. He hears sounds below, which would indicate that Kirke has fallen among a number of enemies, and this being the case he is in need of assistance.

As he falls he finds himself in the midst of struggling figures. A light is suddenly hung from one of the windows, and Jack blesses the hand that thus gives him a chance to distinguish friend from foe. The way in which he sails in is indicative of his spirit. Those heads that meet his knuckles regret the contact. His onslaught produces consternation among them, and a temporary panic, during which the voice of Doctor Jack is heard calling:—

"Make a run for it, Kirke. Away we go!"

(To be Continued.)

THE CIRCUIT RIDER

CHRISTIANITY OWES MUCH TO HIS ZEAL AND ENDURANCE.

His Life During the Early Days of Methodism in Canada Was Often One of Great Hardship—The Story of One Now Enjoying a Ripe Old Age.

From the Simcoe Reformer.

In the early days of Methodism in Canada the gospel was spread abroad in the land by the active exertions of the circuit rider. It required a man of no ordinary health and strength; an iron constitution and undagging determination to fulfill the arduous duties incumbent on one who undertook to preach salvation to his fellowmen. It was no easy task that these men set themselves to, but they were strong in the faith and hope of ultimate reward. Many fell by the wayside, while others struggled on and prospered, and a few are to-day enjoying ripe old age happily in the knowledge that a lasting reward will soon be theirs. Most of these old timers are not now engaged in active church work, but have been placed on the superannuation list, and are now living a quiet life in town or on a farm, free from the cares of the world, they await the call to enter up higher.

Rev. David Williams, who lives two miles southwest of Nixon, Ont., in the township of Windham, Norfolk county, was one of these early days circuit riders. He was a man of vigorous health and although without the many advantages in the way of early education, he succeeded by dint of hard and constant study in being admitted to the ministry. He was first born in the first house built in Glen Williams, near Georgetown, Mr. Kennedy, the founder of Georgetown, being a brother of his mother. To-day he is 70 years old, and for the past 26 years has lived in this county. For many years he has been a sufferer from kidney and kindred diseases. He tried all kinds of remedies, and although sometimes temporarily relieved, he gradually grew worse, until in October, 1895, he was stricken with paralysis. From this he partially recovered and recovered his powers of speech, but his mind was badly wrecked, and his memory was so poor that he could not remember the name of the person to whom he wished to speak without thinking intently for several minutes. One day driving to church he wished to speak to a neighbor who lived next to him for twenty years, but he could not recall the name for an hour or more. In additional to his mental trouble, he had intense bodily suffering; pains in the head, across the forehead, in the temples and behind the ears, across the lower part of the skull and in the joint of the neck. He had great weakness and pains in the back, hips and legs. In fact, so much did he suffer that sleep was almost an impossibility, and he fell away in weight until he weighed only 145 pounds. By this time, December, 1895, he became despondent and felt that if he did not soon obtain relief, he would soon bid adieu to the things of this world. On the 20th of December he read of a cure in the Reformer by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and being seized with a suden inspiration, at once wrote to Brockville for a supply of that marvellous remedy. Immediate good results followed their use, and he has improved wonderfully during the past year. He has recovered his bodily health and strength, and is comparatively free from pain, and his memory is nearly as good as it ever was, and as the improvement continues the prospects are very bright for complete recovery. He has gained 20 pounds in weight since beginning to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. Williams says: "I can heartily endorse the many god things said of these pills in the papers, and strongly recommend them to any one suffering as I was."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a blood builder and nerve restorer. They supply the blood with its life and health-giving properties, thus drlying disease from the system. There are numerous pink colored imitations, against which the public is warned. The genuine Pink Pills can be had only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Refuse all others.

EUROPEAN BICYCLE RULES.

An exhaustive report has just been issued by Consul Chancellor at Havre, giving a detailed statement of the bicycle rules and regulations now prevailing in the various European countries regard cycles and cyclists. In France there is an annual tax of $2 for every wheel. Bicycles go as baggage on railways. In Austria a deposit of $10 must be made. In Belgium 12 per cent. ad valorem duty must be deposited. England charges no duty, but compels a deposit to guarantee against sale of bicycle. In nearly all the remaining countries deposits are required, and in Spain a six months' license, costing 20 cents, is required. Consul Chancellor points out that membership in cycling organizations abroad, as at home, carries great advantages, reduced hotel rates and repairs, with courteous treatment generally.

GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR.

At the present time, when there is so much substituting, and deception practiced by some dealers whose life object is large profits, it is absolutely necessary to say to the ladies, "Get what you ask for."

Unscrupulous dealers are using every effort to sell inferior and adulterated dyes whenever the Diamond Dyes are asked for.

To avoid fraud and deception, the ladies will please see that the name "Diamond Dyes" is on every packet they buy.

Bear in mind that inferior dyes ruin your goods; therefore they are a source of loss, trouble and annoyance.

Diamond Dyes are all warranted, are more than twice the strength of the common dyes, and sold for the same price—ten cents.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy. No adulteration. Never cakes.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Lake of the Woods	$5.75
Snowflake	$5.50
XXX	$5.25
Lion	$5.25
Premier (Enderby)	$5.25
Three Star (Enderby)	$5.50
Strong Baker's (O.K.)	$5.50
Selkm	$5.75
Leitch's Hungarian	$5 75
Ogilvie's Hungarian	$5.75
Wheat, per ton	$35 to $37.50
Barley, per ton	$28 to $30
Middlings, per ton	$20 to $22
Bran, per ton	$18.00 to $20.00
Ground feed, per ton	$26 to $30
Corn, whole	$25 to $28
Corn, cracked	$26 to $29
Oatmeal, per 10 pounds	45 to 50c.
Rolled oats, (Or. or N. W.)	3c.
Rolled oats, (B. & K.) 7lb. sacks	30c.
Potatoes per lb.	1½c.
Cabbage	2½c. to 3c.
Cauliflower, per head	10c. to 12½c
Hay, baled, per ton	$15
Straw, per bale	75c.
Onions per lb.	4c. to 5c.
Bananas	25c. to 30c.
Lemons (California)	25c. to 35c.
Apples, Eastern, per lb.	5c.
Oranges, navel, per doz.	40c. to 50c.
Oranges, Cal. seedlings	25c. to 30c.
Fish—salmon, per lb.	10c. to 12c.
Halibut	10 to 12c.
Fish—small	8c. to 10c.
Smoked bloaters, per lb	10c.
Smoked Kippers, per lb	12½c.
Eggs, Island, fresh, per doz.	17c. to 20c.
Eggs, Manitoba	15c.
Butter, creamery, per lb.	30c.
Butter, Delta creamery, per lb.	30c.
Buter, fresh	25c. to 35c.
Cheese, Chilliwack	15 to 20c.
Hams, American, per lb.	16c. to 18c.
Hams, Canadian, per lb.	16c
Bacon, American, per lb.	15c. to 18c.
Bacon, rolled, per lb.	12c. to 16c.
Bacon, long clear, per lb.	10c. to 12½c.
Bacon, Canadian, per lb.	14c. to 16c.
Shoulders	14c.
Lard	12½c. to 15c.
Sides, per pound	9c.
Meats—beef, per pound	10c. to 18c.
Veal	10c. to 15c
Mutton, per pound	10½c. to 18c.
Muttor (whole)	10½c.
Pork, sides, per lb.	8c
Pork, fresh, per lb.	9c.
Chickens, per pair	$1.00 to $1.50

Americans are the most inventive people on earth. To them have been issued nearly 600,000 patents, or more than one-third of all the patents issued in the world. No discovery of modern years has been of greater benefit to mankind than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, or has done more to relieve pain and suffering. J. W. Vaughn, of Oakton, Ky., says: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in my family for several years, and find it to be the best medicine I ever used for cramps in the stomach and bowels." For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

TRANSPORTATION.

THE LIBRARY CAR ROUTE

ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

MEALS IN DINING CAR A LA CARTE.

America's Scenic Line.

THE DIRECT RAIL ROUTE —TO— ROSSLAND —AND— KOOTENAY MINING COUNTRY.

Shortest line to ST. PAUL, CHICAGO and the EAST.

Passengers have choice of morning or evening boat from Victoria.

OVERLAND leaves Seattle 4.00 p.m.; arrives Seattle 10:30 a.m.

COAST LINE leaves Seattle 5:30 p.m.; arrives Seattle 11:00 a.m.

For further information call on or address

R. C. STEVENS, G.W.A.P.A., Seattle. J. H. ROGERS, Agt., 75 Gov't St.

Going to Chicago or Anywhere East?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul to Duluth reads via

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

(C., ST. P., M. & O. RY.)

Three (3) First-Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria, as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:15 a.m. Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 9 p.m., Chicago 9:55 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6:15 p.m.; St. Paul, 6:55 p.m., except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express, has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 p.m. Daily, Famous Northwestern Limited. Has Wagner Private Compartment and Sixteen Section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee, Breakfast in Dining Car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:30 a.m.

For Illustrated Folder FREE descriptive of Splendid Train Service via This Line, to Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or Address

T. W. TEASDALE, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

W. H. MEAD, General Agent, 263 Washington Street, Portland, Ore

F. W. PARKER, Commercial Agent, 606 First Avenue Seattle.

TRANSPORTATION.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED.)

Time Table No. 29, Taking Effect December 24th, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily except Monday at 1 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.

For Plumper Pass, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Port Simpson and Intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month, at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer "Tees" leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table, at any time, without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

NORTHERN PACIFIC — YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

..TO.. Spokane, Rossland, Nelson, Kaslo, Sandon, Grand Forks, Kettle River, Helena, Butte, S. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South

..RUNS.. PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS, ELEGANT DINING CARS, UPHOLSTERED TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

The Quickest All-Rail Route ..TO.. ROSSLAND KOOTENAY and KETTLE RIVER MINING DISTRICTS.

Only .....

22 HOURS TO SPOKANE

31 HOURS TO ROSSLAND

33 HOURS TO NELSON

36 HOURS TO KASLO and other points

Through tickets to Japan and China via the Northern Pacific Steamship Company—an American line.

For full information, time cards, maps etc., call on or address

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Ore.

—FOR— Puget Sound Points.

TAKE THE FINE STEAMER

"City of Kingston"

Speed, 18 knots. Tonnage, 1147.

8 30 am	Lv	M	*Victoria	110	Ar	3 30 am
11 30 am	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	12 30 am
2 30 pm	Lv	22	Seattle	28	Lv	9 30 pm
4 15 pm	Ar	110	Tacoma*	34	Lv	7 15 pm

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. Victoria, B. C.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at ..... 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.

Leave Sidney at ..... 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m

SATURDAYS and SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at ..... 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m

Leave Sidney at ..... 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

Spokane Falls & Northern

Nelson & Fort Sheppard

Red Mountain Railways

The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Rossland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Rossland.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave.		Arrive.
7:30 a.m.	Spokane	6:30 p.m
10:30 a.m.	Rossland	3:25 p.m
9:00 a.m.	Nelson	3:20 p.m

Close connections at Nelson with steamer for Kaslo and all Kootenay Lake points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

FOR PUGET SOUND POINTS.

S.S. ROSALIE

Leaves Victoria daily (except Sundays) at 8:30 p.m.; returning leaves Seattle daily (except Sundays) at 10:00 a.m. Fares:

TO FORT TOWNSEND $1.50

TO SEATTLE 2.50

TO TACOMA 3.00

Passengers may, if desired, remain on board at Seattle for breakfast, as steamer lies at her dock until 10:00 a.m., when she leaves for Victoria.

Round trip tickets at reduced rates. For tickets and information call on

J. E. DEVLIN, Agent, 23 Government St.

TRANSPORTATION.

GOLD FIELDS ..IN.. KOOTENAY ..THE..

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Are running a tri-weekly service to all points in that district. Passengers should leave Victoria Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday mornings at 1 a.m., making direct connections for

TRAIL CREEK, ROSSLAND, NELSON, NAKUSP, THREE FORKS, SANDON, NEW DENVER, SLOCAN CITY, ROSEBERY, KASLO,

and all other Kootenay points.

For rates, maps and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Freight and Passenger Agent, corner Fort and Government streets, Victoria.

GEO. M'L. BROWN, District Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS To and From All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line, Numidian	May 8
Allan Line Parisian	May 15
Dominion Line, Scotsman	May 8
Dominion Line, Labrador	May 22
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	May 5
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	May 12

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line, Lucania	May 8
Cunard Line, Servia	May 11
American Line, St. Paul	May 5
American Line, St. Louis	May 12
White Star Line, Majestic	May 5
White Star Line, Germanic	May 12
Ited Star Line, Southwark	May 5
Red Star Line, Noordland	May 12
Anchor Line, Anchoria	May 8
Anchor Line, Furnessia	May 15
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	May 4
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Havel	May 11
French Line, La Touraine	May 8
French Line, Bretange	May 15

For rates, berths tickets, and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY.

Cor. Fort and Government streets, Victoria, General Steamship Agency.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R'Y.

S.S. "CITY of NANAIMO"

W. D. OWEN, Master.

Sails as follows, sailing at way ports as freight and passengers may offer:

Lv. Victoria ..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.

Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wend'dy, 7 a.m.

Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.

Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Sat'day, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board or at the company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 28.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, March 29th, 1897.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy only
	A. M.	P. M.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	8 00	4.00
Ar. Nanaimo	11.48	7.25
Ar. Wellington	12.15	7.45

GOING SOUTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy only
	A. M.	P. M
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8.15	4.15
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8.46	4.33
Ar. Victoria	12.30	8.00

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

OCEANIC Steamship Company FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

S. S. MARIPOSA sails via HONOLULU and AUCKLAND for SYDNEY, Thursday, April 1st, at 2 p.m.

S.S. AUSTRALIA, for HONOLULU only, Tuesday, May 18th, at 2 p.m.

Line to COOLGARDIE, Aust., and CAPETOWN, South Africa.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. Agents, 114 Montgomery Street

Freight Office, 327 Market St. San Francisco.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

The Company's elegant steamers UMATILLA, CITY OF PUEBLA and WALLA WALLA, carrying H. B. M. Mails, leave VICTORIA, B. C. for San Francisco at 8 p.m. May 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, June 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, July 3, 8, 13, 18, 23. Due at San Francisco, a.m. May 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, June 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, July 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26. Leave San Francisco for Victoria, B.C., at 9 a.m. May 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, June 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, July 5, 10, 15, 20, 25. Due at Victoria, a.m. May 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, June 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, July 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28.

The elegant steamers CITY of TOPEKA, MEXICO and QUEEN leave VICTORIA for Alaska May 9, 14, 24, 29, June 8, 13, 23, 28, July 8, 13, 23. Due back at Victoria May 6, 11, 21, 26, June 5, 10, 19, 25, July 4, 10, 19, 25, August 3. The Company reserves the right to change, without previous notice, steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, 61 & 63 Wharf Street, Victoria, B.C.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

..FOR.. HONOLULU, CHINA and JAPAN.

MOUNT LEBANON, due here 25th February; dead weight, 3,800 tons.

MONMOUTHSHIRE, due here 25 March; dead weight, 4,000 tons.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y,

Agents North China Insurance Co., Ltd. (Marine),

Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,

..IMPORTERS OF..

Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise.

Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

CLAIMANTS TO MINES

Hon Justice McColl Delivers an Important Judgment in the Grand Prize Case.

The Question of What Constitutes the Actual Occupation of a Claim.

The following is the decision of Justice McColl handed down in the Grand Prize case:

The Grand Prize mineral claim was recorded on the 9th of June, 1894, by one McDougal. A certificate of work was issued on the 3rd of June, 1895. The defendant on the 27th of March, 1896, purchased the claim for $4,700. Another certificate of work was issued on the last of June, 1896.

The plaintiff having ascertained these facts (except the amount of the purchase money) from Mr. Kirkup, the mining recorder, and from searching the records in the mining recorder's office and while the defendent was in actual occupation of, and was actively engaged in working the claim, as the plaintiff himself saw, proceeded to locate the ground as another claim by the name of the Buffalo Bill fraction on the 24th of July, 1896, and recorded it on the next following day in his own name.

In the affidavit required by sub-section (c) of section 17 of the Mineral Act, 1896, the plaintiff, intsead of stating his belief that the ground applied for was "unoccupied by any other person as a mineral claim," stated that in his belief it was not "lawfully" so occupied.

The plaintiff claims the right to make his location because it is alleged that the posts of the Grand Prize were situate outside the limits of that claim. At the time of the location of the Grand Prize the only claim located adjoining it was the Deer Park, which, however, was not then surveyed.

I can place no reliance upon the testimony of the plaintiff or that of Bleeker from the unsatisfactory way in which they gave their evidence; nor can I accept the evidence of George Ellis as satisfactory upon the question of distances, as it does not appear that he measured them.

Mr. Kirk, a land surveyor, called for the plaintiff, had not seen either No. 1 or No. 2 post, but he was able to speak as to their situation by referring to the field notes of the Grand Prize mineral claim, which were produced.

The way in which the Grand Prize was located in itself shows the desire of the locator to avoid infringing upon the ground of the Deer Park claim, the exact boundaries of which he did not know, as it had not then been surveyed, and it is quite consitsent with the exercise of reasonable care on his part that the No. 1 post should, upon a survey, be found where it was. The record of the Grand Prize states it to be situated north of and adjoining the Deer Park claim. The other posts were, upon the survey, found to be upon what were then waste lands of the crown. Mr. Kirk himself says it is impossible for a prospector to locate a claim accurately, owing to the roughness of the ground, and admits that an error of one hundred to two hundred feet might happen.

I am of the opinion that the defects referred to were, in the circumstances of the case, such as were cured by the certificates of work issued. I think, however, that the ground comprised within the limits of the Grand Prize claim, being actually occupied and being actively worked by the defendant under his title to it at the time of the location of the Buffalo fraction, was not open to location by the plaintiff or any other person.

The point is an important one, which, so far as I am aware, has never before arisen, and I regret that I have not had the advantage of hearing argument upon it. Reference was not even made to it at the trial.

I think it is clear that the circumstances of this case constitute an occupation within the meaning of the act—even assuming the location to be defective and the defect not to have been cured—though ordinarily occupation may be found to consist of a valid location and record under the act. In the latter case it is intelligible that, but from substantial compliance with the provisions of the cat, there can be no real occupation. But in the former case it is difficult to see—whatever may be the rights of the crown or of a lawful occupant, for other than mining purposes—how another person can enter upon the ground for the purpose of acquiring a mineral claim. Such person cannot locate a claim upon the same ground without entry; and the previous actual occupation of the ground surely entitled the occupant to hold it, except as against some one having a better title, which such other person not having at the time of entry, manifestly cannot get it in these circumstances without committing a trespass.

I do not think the act should be so construed as to permit of the acquisition of a claim in the way contended for. It is not consistent with any general principle of law. It is, I think, not in accordance with the policy of the act. If permitted, it might, and probably would, lead to violence, with results of the most serious character.

I think that the plaintiff's attempt (which I cannot help characterizing as a most impudent one) to deprive the defendant of a claim which I find was located with a bona fide attempt to comply with the law, merely because of alleged defects which could mislead no one, fails, and the action is dismissed with costs.

Truth in a Nutshell.

Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, schoolroom or shop.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

British Columbia.

REVELSTOKE.

(Revelstoke Herald.)

The concentrator at Laurie is running day and night and doing excellent work. The mill will dispose of 150 to 200 tons of rock per day.

The Carnes Creek Co., intend putting on the river to haul up their machinery and supplies and bring down ore from the mines. Later on a tugboat will be put on.

This morning Mr. W. Sweeney, manager of the Consolation Mining Co., discovered on rising, that his clothes were absent from his room in the Central hotel, and that the contents of his pockets, which included a bag containing a considerable quantity of gold in dust and nuggets, had gone along with them. It appears that some sneak thief must have entered the room while Sweeney was asleep and carried off everything in sight, only a pair of trousers being left for the sake of decency. The clothes were found this morning by the police on the bank of the river behind the hotel. There is no clue to the thief.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Mr. H. D. Benson, contractor for the construction of the big Delta dyke, practically completed his work on Wednesday, when the two sections were joined. The dyke is now completely around the delta, and all that remains to be done is to complete the flood gate in the big slough at Ladner, and a couple of miles of "topping," on one section of the embankment. The Delta is now practically safe from any overflow either from the Fraser river freshets or the spring tides from the gulf.

Mr. George Adams, of this city, who is interesting himself in the affairs of the late Matt. Jenner, who was drowned near Blaine the other day, has been looking through the deceased's papers and finds that he came to this country in 1849, from Wallaceburg, Ont., where relatives are now living. Jenner lived in a scow house which is at present on Manson's property opposite the city. Apparently he had little property. He was in July, 1893, a member of the defunct local lodge of the Independent Order of Foresters and, if he kept up his membership with the parent society, there will likely be a considerable sum to the credit of his estate.

MIDWAY.

Midway Advance.

Mr. Richard Watson has disposed of his claim, the Big Bug, which lies in Camp McKinney, and is somewhat to the southeast and adjoining the Minnehaha. Messrs. Harrison and Barcher, of London, Eng., purchased one-half of the property, the other half being acquired by Mr. W. H. Norris, of Midway.

The Amy and Alvy claims were sold the past week by Mr. R. Watson to Mr. R. Stuart. The claims are situated about four miles northwest of Rock creek, on the east side of Kettle river.

As a result of the bad state of the roads a tremendous amount of freight has accumulated at Marcus. A gentleman coming from there a few days ago stated that all the freight sheds were full, the side tracks were full of cars, and the company had refused freight in Spokane for Boundary creek and Colville reservation points.

As an earnest of what may be done this year, it may be stated that 50 mineral claims have been recorded during the past week, as many as twenty being recorded in one day. The placing on record of so many claims this early in the season shows distinctly that the prospector is taking advantage of the snow being off the foothills to make a thorough search of the ground, which in many cases had previously been overlooked, or lightly run over, and that diligent search is being rewarded.

The Tin Horn claim in Camp Fairview, lying south of the Smuggler, altogether belies its name, as already it may be said to be proven to be a wonderful property and one which, if reports are to be relied upon, for which the owners have refused an enormous sum of money. The claim has been developed by a series of tunnels, which have been driven upon the ledge at stated intervals. This method of development has been rendered possible as the vein crops out on the face of the mountain and stands in a nearly perpedicular position.

It is reported that the Minnehaha company, which is operating the claim of the same name in Camp McKinney, has struck it rich, as at the bottom of the shaft they now have a seven-foot vein of free-milling ore. The Minnehaha lies south and west of the Caribou, and has every prospect of turning out a valuable mine. As soon as the ore body is sufficiently proven, no doubt the company (which was organized in Montreal) will place machinery upon the property and start milling the ore, which so far is said to run extremely well in gold value.

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DIGESTION.

By curing Dyspepsia; strengthening the Weak Stomach; stimulating the liver; invigorating the Kidneys; renewing the Gastric Juices; toning up the System; making new blood; quieting the Nerves; inducing sleep and thus raising the spirits; dispelling despondency and allowing the dyspeptic to enjoy the pleasures of the table.

It is one of Dr. Humphrey's favorite prescriptions and it is just as reliable as his famous

"77" FOR COLDS.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents, 50 cents or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., cor. William and John streets, New York.

—Take the Great Northern line for all Kootenay points—the direct route. Rossland, 31 hours; Nelson, 32 hours.

The first of these Monthly Competitions, for the Province of British Columbia, will commence January 1st, 1897, and will be continued each month during 1897.

BICYCLES AND . . . WATCHES..

12 STEARNS' BICYCLES
12 GOLD WATCHES

Will be given during 1897, one Bicycle and one Watch each month, as follows:—

GIVEN FREE FOR . . . VALUE, . . . $1,500

SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS .....

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM.

Competitors to save as many "Sunlight" Soap Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper—that portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent enclosed with a sheet of paper on which the competitor has written his or her full name and address, and the number of Coupons sent in, postage paid, to Messrs. TEES & PERSSE, Winnipeg.

The Bicycles are the celebrated Stearns', manufactured by E. C. Stearns & Co., Syracuse, N.Y., and Toronto, Ont. Each wheel is guaranteed by the makers and has complete attachments.

This Competition is authorized by Messrs. Lever Brothers, Ltd., Proprietors of "Sunlight" Soap.

RULES.

1. Every month during 1897, in the Province of British Columbia, prizes will be awarded as follows:

The competitor who sends in the largest number of coupons from the Province of British Columbia, will receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Stearns' Bicycle.

The competitor who sends in the next largest number of coupons from the Province of British Columbia, will receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Gold Watch.

2. The competitions will close the last day of each month during 1897. Coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain wrappers from unsold soap in dealer's stock will be disqualified. Employees of Mr. C. R. King, and their families, are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of winners in competitors' district will be forwarded to competitors 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Mr. C. R. King will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of his ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Mr. C. R. King as final.

C. R. KING, Manufacturers' Agent, Victoria, B.C., Representing Lever Bros., Ltd., Toronto.

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Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., GRANBY, P.Q.

No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest, coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth. Heavier loads drawn with less exertion than with any other collars. Sure cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitching is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, and will not rip. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, *and are so guaranteed.*

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS

are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability and beauty of finish *(the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted.)*

THE AMES HOLDEN COMPANY, OF MONTREAL, LTD.

Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

....SEE....

Geo. D. SCOTT

AT ONCE.

All Kokanee Creek stock will soon be taken. It is a bonanza at 3 cents, non-assessable. Capital only $250,000. Promoters stock pooled.

Four Claims in Slocan, 300 oz. Silver.

42 FORT ST., Victoria.

BOARD OF TRADE

A Protest Against the Lease of Stewart River for Dredging Purposes.

Other Mercantile Matters Considered—The Bad Telegraph Service.

A meeeing of the council of the board of trade was held at the Board of Trade building yesterday afternoon. The special smelter committee, appointed some time ago to confer with the city council reported on the progress made in that matter and asked that further information be secured on that subject. In furtherance of that end they requested that the present committee be allowed to continue its work.

G. A. Kirk reported that the committee on Yukon trails had been more or less successful. Hon. Messrs. Turner and Baker had been interviewed and a discussion had taken place as to the availability of the two different routes. They had been informed that a man had been sent to Telegraph Creek to look over the route proposed, and should the Hoodalinqua river be navigable he was instructed to expend $2,000 on that route.

A letter was received from the secretary of the Navy League enclosing copies of memorials to the Governor-General, asking that a conference be held and also asking if the council could submit to them the name of any gentleman in Victoria who was willing to form a branch of the society here. The letter was received and ordered acknowledged.

The department of fisheries and marine wrote regarding the licenses for trap nets at Boundary Bay. Inspector McNab, the communication said, had been advised that as many nets would be licensed there this year as heretofore. The letter was received and filed.

Provincial Librarian R. E. Gosnell, who is compiling statistics in reference to the trade of the different provinces, wrote asking that the matter be endorsed by the board. A resolution was passed to that effect.

The consideration of the leasing of Stewart river for purposes of gold dredging then came before the council. The conditions of the lease were read by the secretary, and some discussion followed. None of the members knew anything about the lease, but they thought that time should have been given.

President Ker thought that the leasing of Stewart river was greatly against the interests of the country. He thought that there must be "something in it." Some one must be applying for the lease although they were going through the form of calling for tenders.

Mr. G. A. Kirk enquired if the Duke of Teck's company were interested. According to British Columbia mining laws it was not permissible, as Stewart river was not an abandoned river or placer ground.

Mr. Robertson thought that a "broad protest" should be made against granting the lease in the interest of the many free miners in that district.

Mr. Lindley Crease was of the opinion that the leasing of 100 miles of this river was a most extraordinary thing. It would prevent any gold camp starting in that district. He also thought that the board should protest.

A resolution was finally moved by Mr. Futcher and seconded by Mr. E. Pearson that this council of the British Columbia Board of Trade very earnestly objects to the unfairness of granting leases for dredging the Stewart river, there not having been opportunity given to persons in the Western provinces to investigate with a view to tendering, and urges Victoria's representatives at Ottawa to insist on an extension of time for tendering being granted. The Vancouver and New Westminster boards of trade to be asked to support the same. This resolution was carried and the secretary instructed to telegraph the same to Ottawa.

Mr. Robinson then brought before the meeting the deficiency in the telegraph service to and from this city. How often has the wire been down during the past month?

Several members—How often has it been up?

Mr. Robinson thought that something should be done to draw the attention of the C.P.R. to the matter of the bad service.

President Ker thought that something could be done to improve the service if they protested.

Mr. Robinson thought that such would be the case, but as long as they did not kick the same condition of affairs would continue.

President Ker said that he believed that the admiral had said that Vancouver was more to be depended upon than Victoria, as the wires were continually down here.

Then after more discussion on the same lines, all of the members being of the opinion that a strong protest should be made, the council adjourned.

Throat Trouble Cured.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 254 Bathurst street, Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

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Clean! Truthful! Wideawake!

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HARCOURT SAT UPON

Sir William's Taunts Arouse the Wrath of Chamberlain, Who Hits Back Hard.

Great Britain Determined to Uphold Her Rights in Transvaal at All Costs.

London, May 1.—In the house of commons yesterday, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, in support of his charge that Hon. Mr. Chamberlain tried to arouse a war feeling in South Africa, said:

"When we are asked to refuse a reduction of the taxes of Great Britain in order to contribute money to promote warlike, aggressive operations in South Africa, (oh, oh,) we oppose a most determined resistance. The proposal to apply money to unjustifiable purposes against the will of the people and the government of Cape Town is one of the most injurious things with reference to the empire ever submitted to this house of commons."

Mr. Chamberlain said he had not expected to have to reply to such pernicious and slanderous language. He classed Sir William Harcourt's utterances as being "unpatriotic in the highest degree, embarassing to the government and injurious to the cause of peace."

Continuing, Mr. Chamberlain asserted Sir Wm. Harcourt's statements to the effect that the government's policy had been rejected by the Cape government and people were absolutely inaccurate. The policy of the government, he explained, had not changed from the first. Only circumstances had changed to some extent. The government's policy, Mr. Chamberlain added, is to maintain its obligations, not to engage in any aggressive operations nor to attack the independence of a friendly state; but "to maintain a downright stand for the rights of the nation."

"I hoped," continued Mr. Chamberlain, "that our policy would continue to be non-partisan, but that hope has disappeared in the face of Sir William Harcourt's speech, and I now challenge him to raise the issue. (Cheers and counter cheers.)

"Is the opposition prepared to take issue with us when we say that while we intend to observe our own obligations, we intend that obligations toward us shall also be maintained? The question between us and the Transvaal is not interference in the internal affairs of the Transvaal, nor an attack on the London convention upon our part, but because of breaches of the convention on the part of the Transvaal and we are calling upon them to give us satisfaction."

Sir William Harcourt here interrupted Mr. Chambelain by remarking, "you are asking for £200,000."

"What nonsense," exclaimed Mr. Chamberlain hotly.

Prolonged cheering greeted the sharp answer of the secretary of state for the colonies, who continued: "We ask for £200,000 when everybody knows the Transvaal is asking for a million and for hundreds and hundreds of thousands. The Transvaal has been arming to an extent absolutely unjustifiable by any ordinary policy of defense. We have not complained, but the result has been that the present arms of the Transvaal are altogether disproportionate to the defensive resources of Cape Colony, and the Transvaal armaments, after expending considerably over a million upon them, are still going on. Batteries of artillery and Maxim guns, millions and millions of cartridges and hundreds of thousands of rifles have been imported into the Transvaal."

Mr. Chamberlain concluded with saying: "I do not believe there is a feeling to repudiate the policy of the government. On the contrary I believe the feeling of every loyal British subject at the Cape to be one of gratitude and satisfaction with Her Majesty's government. I understand that they recognize their position as the representatives of a paramount power in South Africa, and are determined in the oft-used words, to maintain the integrity of all of our rights under the convention."

The conclusion of Mr. Chamberlain's remarks was the signal for a tremendous outburst of cheering on the part of the Conservatives.

Later, replying to Mr. Thomas Warner, Liberal, Mr. Chamberlain said that the dispatch of a regiment of British infantry and a brigade of British artillery to Cape Colony was intended as a permanent increase of the Cape garrison.

Sir William Harcourt's sudden and vehement attack caused a tumult on the Tory side of the house, and the government front bench fell at once into animated colloquy. Mr. Balfour sent Mr. T. W. Russell to bring Mr. Chamberlain into the house. When the colonial secretary arrived he was furious, and did nothing to conceal his rage. Sir William Harcourt was saying as Mr. Chamberlain entered the chamber: "I have said this was a war plot. I repeat it in his presence. This was a war plot, a war plot which missed fire." Mr. Chamberlain snatched up a piece of paper, and Mr. Balfour and Mr. Goschen rapidly told him what had passed, while he made quick notes of Sir William Harcourt's phrases. The excitement of the house was maintained at white heat, with cheers and counter cheers, through both speeches. Mr. Balfour did his best to calm matters down, and promised to give a day for discussion of the proposed grant at the earliest possible date. The house then emptied into the lobby to discuss the scene.

Pretoria, April 29.—The Transvaal government is busy drafting full replies to the recent dispatches of Mr. Chamberlain, the British secretary of state for the colonies, and it is understood that these will raise several sharp issues.

Cape Town, April 29.—At to-day's session of the assembly Mr. Merriam gave notice of his intention to move a vote of no confidence in the ministry.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

When and Where Victorians Will Worship To-Morrow.

St. Barnabas church, corner of Cook street and Caledonia avenue—Second Sunday after Easter. The Holy Eucharist, 8 a.m.; matins, 10:30 a.m.; the Holy Eucharist choral with sermon, 11 a.m.; Sunday school, 3 p.m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p.m. Preacher for the day, Rev. J. B. Haslam.

Metropolitan Methodist church—Rev. G. A. Raley of the Port Simpson district will occupy the pulpit in the morning. Evening service will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A.

Congregational church meets in the Temperance hall, Pandora avenue, Rev. P. C. L. Harris, pastor. At 11 a.m., text, Acts 13, 1. At 7 p.m., the pastor will conduct a gospel temperance service, at which he will sing "Building Day by Day," and preach a sermon suitable to the occasion.

Baptist Mission, Burnside road—Service every Sunday night at 7 o'clock. Subject for to-morrow, "Satisfaction."

Victoria West Methodist church—Morning sermon by Rev. C. Bryant; evening by the Rev. D. Jennings, of Port Essington. At the close of the morning service there will be a formal reception of new members conducted by the pastor.

Calvary Baptist church, Rev. T. A. P. Frost, acting pastor—Morning at 11, subject, "Peter in the Seive." Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m. Evening at 7, subject, "Man's Only Hope is Man." Monday evening at 8, B.Y.P.U., subject, "The Spiritual significance of the Tabernacle."

Emmanuel Baptist church—Rev. W. A. Gunton, of Nanaimo, will preach both morning and evening. Sunday school and pastor's Bible class at 2:30. Communion service at close of evening service.

St. Andrew's church, corner Douglas and Broughton streets, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, pastor—Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Celebration of the Lord's supper at the morning service. Sabbath school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m.

St. Saviour's—11 a.m., morning service; 3 p.m., children's service; 7 p.m., evening service, Rev. W. D. Barber.

James Bay Methodist—The pastor, Rev. T. J. McCrossan, will conduct both services. In the evening the second discourse on "Ruth" will be given.

Reformed Episcopal—Rev. Dr. Wilson will preach both morning and evening.

Centennial Methodist church, Gorge road, will hold its Sabbath school anniversary services to-morrow. Rev. Dr. Eby, of Vancouver, will preach morning and evening, and with others, will also address the children's meeting in the afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The children will take a prominent part in the singing at all the services.

Theosophical Society, 28 Broad street (Williams block)—Public lecture at 8:15 p.m., subject: "The Basis of Theosophy."

DISAPPEARED.

John Ross is Supposed to Have Taken His Own Life.

Yesterday afternoon it was reported to the police that John Ross, an old man who has been working at Joe Levy's restaurant on Government street, was missing, and since then, although a most thorough search has been made; no trace of his whereabouts has been discovered. His friends are of the opinion that he has committed suicide, as he has threatened to do so quite frequently of late. For some time past he has been very erratic and despondent; in fact he was under the impression—judging from remarks he dropped while working in the restaurant—that he was a burden to his friends. He worked at the restaurant during the night. He lived in a room above the restaurant, and although the room has been ransacked thoroughly nothing has been discovered that will throw any light on the subject. About two weeks ago he was heard to remark that he had a loaded revolver in his room, and he would use it on himself soon, and quite frequently he has told his frends that he "would make a hole in the water." No notice was paid to these remarks.

He was last seen on Thursday morning, when he left the restaurant about nine o'clock and was seen shortly afterwards on John street, Rock Bay, going towards Point Ellice bridge. He has gone over this route very often lately, although he is not known to have any friends in that district. The police and his friends think that the old man has committed suicide.

Ross, who was an old man of 70 years of age and about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches in height, was, when last seen, wearing a hard hat, a blue coat and light striped pants. He had a fair complexion with gray hair and whiskers. He has been on the Sound and in Victoria for the past thirty years, and for a time he was steward on the old George E. Starr, whence he went to the Northern Pacific steamers, acting on them in the same capacity. A search will be made of Victoria Arm in the vicinity of where he was last seen, as that was where he most probably made his threatened "hole in the water."

—John Sheehan, accused of vagrancy, was convicted by Police Magistrate Macrae in the police court this morning and sentenced to imprisonment for one month.

SOME SUGGESTIONS

Offered by Dr. Davie Regarding the Treatment of the Oriental Liners.

Plan for an Isolation Hospital That Would do Away With Detention of Ships.

Dr. Davie, the chairman of the provincial board of health, had something further to say to-day in regard to the quarantine regulations in general and the case of the Empress of China in particular. "The public," he said, "can make up their minds that Chinese ports are always infected; that there is always smallpox there, and it is liable to be brought over on the Oriental steamers at any time. Prevention is better than cure. The remedy against the importation of the disease should be applied at the port of embarkation, not at the quarantine station here. If the remedy applied at the port of embarkation is ample it will prevent a recurrence of the interference with traffic and other inconveniences experienced in the case of the Empress of China.

"Now, as to the precautions that should be taken at the port of embarkation. These should consist of the disinfection of all Chinese baggage and the production of a certificate by every Chinese passenger showing he had been vaccinated 21 days before he embarked.

"Regarding the steamer," Dr. Davie said, "when occasion required, an isolation hospital should be erected on the poop deck at the extreme stern of the steamer, in the open air, so that if in spite of all precautions a case or cases of infectious disease breaks out the patients could be immediately isolated and the general infection of the steamer prevented. In the case of the Empress of China the patients were kept below decks, in the forward portion of the ship, from which position infection could spread throughout the vessel. If the plan of having an isolation hospital in the open air at the stern of the ship were carried out, the patient and his attendants could be lowered over the stern of the steamer upon her arrival at the quarantine station, the hospital on the vessel, which would only be a tent or some temporary structure, removed and destroyed, and the position it occupied thoroughly disinfected. Then the vessel and her passengers could proceed without detention, detention in such a case being unnecessary. This plan will simply be the application of common sense to such a condition of affairs.

"Upon the arrival of the Empress of China at quarantine Dr. Watt removed all the Chinese and Japanese passengers from the steamer and placed them in the buildings set apart for Chinese and Japanese passengers, and in which there is sufficient accommodation. The two cases of smallpox were isolated in the hospital of the quarantine station. The accommodation for cabin passengers, however, is entirely inadequate, and what there is is not in proper condition for the reception of passengers. There is only accommodation for 80 cabin passengers, whereas there are 130 such passengers on the Empress of China. The cabin passengers refused to leave the vessel or make any move whatever. Now to properly disinfect the steamer requires the removal of all passengers and crew. The cabin passengers on the China refused to leave her, and consequently the disinfection of the ship was impossible. Thus the passengers stood in their own light regarding the freeing of the steamer and themselves.

"As I stated yesterday, all the passengers and crew of the steamer were vaccinated nine days ago by the ship's surgeon. All the Chinese and Japanese passengers will have to be detained for the full period of incubation, that is, in my opinion, 16 or 17 days, not 14 days as so frequently stated, dating from the time they were vaccinated on board the ship. With the cabin passengers a different plan is applicable, because they are as a rule thoroughly protected against smallpox by previous vaccination, are educated and can be sworn. Each cabin passengers should be examined under oath to ascertain his protection from smallpox by vaccination. If such passengers had been vaccinated in childhood and re-vaccinated within the last seven years, that passenger, after the proper disinfection of his person and baggage, can with perfect safety be allowed to leave quarantine. If on the other hand the last vaccination ante-dating the one on board the ship, took place more than seven years ago, that passenger should remain in quarantine the full incubation period of the disease, the same as Chinese or Japanese passengers."

Dr. Davie further explained that there were not proper disinfecting baths at the station. A small building, he says, should be erected, having three rooms. The passengers should go into the first room, undress and then proceed to the second room, where the bath would be situated. After bathing he would go into the third room, where he would find clean clothes, after donning which he could leave quarantine.

LITTLE BRAVES!

Old Time a Quarter-a Box "Purgers" Are Quitting the Field in Whole Battalions.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at 20c. a Vial Are Driving Them Out at All Points,

Because They Act Gently, More Effectively, Never Pain and Are Easy to Take.

Sick headache succumbs to one dose. Chronic constipation dispelled with one vial, and stomach disorders of years standing absolutely cured. 40 doses, 20c., at all druggists.

—Dr. T. R. Allinson, L.R.C.P., says—Drink Kops Cheer in preference to other beverages.

More cases of sick headache biliousness constipation can be cured in less time, with less medicine and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills than by any other means.

Fifty Years Ago.

This is the stamp that the letter bore
Which carried the story far and wide,
Of certain cure for the loathsome sore
That bubbled up from the tainted tide
Of the blood below. And 'twas Ayer's name
And his sarsaparilla, that all now, know,
That was just beginning its fight of fame
With its cures of 50 years ago.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is the original sarsaparilla. It has behind it a record for cures unequalled by any blood purifying compound. It is the only sarsaparilla honored by a medal at the World's Fair of 1893. Others imitate the remedy; they can't imitate the record:

50 Years of Cures.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—H L Bernstein, Tom Roach, F Stokes, Miss Case, Miss Penketh, C E Sharp, G Phillips, J Collins, H S Keller, seven Siwashes, S Glenny, A S Collins.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—D Pearson, Mrs Small, J Feldman, D Stewart, J C Anderson, S Henderson, J D Mikle, H F Mikle, H F Milward, R Skinner and wife, D S Johnson, Mrs Fox, J Bassell, Mrs Green-Armitage, A D Going, R G Penn, W Moore, J S Procter, E W Turner, W J Temple, Miss Walker, Dr E C Hart, A G McCandless, J Freel, A C Flumerfelt, Dr Milne, Capt Smith, C Wentworth, Mrs Belford, J Bailey, Alex Ewen, C W Ehman, W W Armstrong, Jennie Clements.

Per steamer Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Roscoe, J H Todd, W S Drewery, J R Irving, Miss Roscoe, A G Brown, J A Brown, Miss Newman, Mrs Bonson, Miss Bonson, W Blewett, A Zimmerman, W Hall, J R Irving, Miss Stanford, James Mansell, E M Baker and wife, J C Stacey, 5 Chinamen.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—E G Prior, J Reding, Okell & Morris, E B Marvin, Stemler & Earle, Watson & Hall, Martin & Robertson, Clark & P, C N Cameron, Wilson Bros, D H Ross & Co, E J Saunders, British Columbia Furniture Co, A McGregor, A G Robinson, D E Cox, J Piercy, S Sea, Weiler Bros, J Earsman, J Bray, J Fullerton, R P Rithet, D Spencer, Thos Earle, Canada Paint Co, Empress of China, Erskine Wall & Co, F R Stewart, H B Co, H Clarke, J R Greenfield, J Johnson, Province Pub Co, Wood & Orr, Mountain Rose Milling Co.

Per steamer Kingston from the Sound—G H Maynard, Brackman & Ker Milling Co, Albion Iron Works, Wilson Bros, Patton & Son, Erskine Wall & Co, Valo & Brooks, F R Stewart, Sinclair & Co, G F Lenfesty, R C Lowen, M W Waitt & Co, Dorring & M, W & M Mfg Co, F R Stewart, J H Todd & Son.

WAVERLEY BICYCLES at $65 are the best value on the market; ladies' or gents'. J. Barnsley & Co., 119 Government street.

"It Is the Best on Earth."

That is what Edwards & Parker, merchants of Plains, Ga., say of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, for rheumatism, lame back, deep seated and muscular pains. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Not one in twenty are free from ailment caused by some little inaction of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

SWEET CAPORAL

...Cigarettes...

STANDARD OF THE ....WORLD....

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WHITE SWAN SOAP..

Three Twin Bars in cartoon. The best Soap ever introduced. If your Grocer does not keep it, ask him to get it.

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In the Heart of the Silvery Slocan.

The Canadian Mining, Milling and Smelting Co

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....Own the Choice Locations....

HOMESTRETCH, GLACIER 4,
CLARA G, TWO SNOWBIRDS.

(All full sized claims.)

These claims are situated at the head waters of Kokanee Creek, on the divide between Ainsworth, Sandon and Slocan City. A ledge 8 to 10 feet runs through these claims, carrying a paystreak 15 inches to two feet of high grade galena, assaying 300 ozs. silver and 60 per cent. lead.

CAPITAL, $2,000,000; TREASURY, $400,000.

150,000 shares now on the market. Promoters' stock pooled until June 1st, 1897. Stock now selling at 7½c. per share from the brokers. Prospectuses and miniature map of the Slocan to be had on application.

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...A...
Few Eye-Openers

Men's Ox Bloods - $3.00
Ladies' Dong. Button $2.00
Boys' Tan Bals. $1.75

These are rattling good Shoes.

JAS. MAYNARD,

119 Douglas St., opposite City Hall.

Millinery Opening

On FRIDAY, APRIL 2nd, 1897,
Mrs. W. Bickford, Somerset House,
NOS. 61 and 63 FORT ST

NOTICE.

Dr. A. A. Humber's Dental Parlors, Douglas street, will be closed at 1 o'clock on Saturday afternoons during the summer months.

NOTICE.

PALO ALTO GOLD MINING COMPANY,
(Limited Liability.)

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the above named Company will be held at the office of Messrs. Flint & Prossor, Broad street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 3rd day of May, 1897, at 4 p.m. sharp, to arrange for the sale of a further block of Treasury Shares and to consider any business that may properly come before the meeting.

Dated 23rd day of April, 1897.

By order of the Trustees.

ap123-td C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec'y.

Medical Examinations

The next Medical Examination of the British Columbia Medical Council will take place in Victoria, commencing at 10 o'clock, on TUESDAY FORENOON, the 4th May next.

Full particulars by applying to G. L. MILNE, Registrar and Secretary, or W. J. McGUIGAN, Treasurer, Vancouver. ap22

Sterling Advice...

Let those now ride who never rode before,
And those who always rode now ride the more.

THE STERLING BICYCLE "Built like a Watch."

FOR SALE.

On Pender Island 2,181 acres of valued farm, fruit and pasture land, some cleared; with coal and mineral rights at ($5) per acre. Title, Crown Grants.

The Island abounds with game, the bays with fish. For further particulars see Directory. Apply

H. J. ROBERTSON,
Balmoral Hotel.

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